THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN
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EBENSBURG, Cambria Co., Pa.,
BY H. A. McPIKE.
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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, one year, cash in advance.....$1.50
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☞ Persons residing outside the county must add 50 cents additional per year will be charged to cover postage.

☞ No paper will be sent unless the above terms be desired for, and those who don't consult their interests by paying in advance must not expect to be placed on the same footing as those who do. Let this fact be distinctly understood from this time forward.

☞ Look for your paper before you stop it, if you don't receive it. Some but scalawags do stop. Don't be a scalawag—life's too short.

Cambria Freeman.

H. A. McPIKE, Editor and Publisher.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year, in advance.

VOLUME XVI. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 21, 1882. NUMBER 13.

Advertising Rates.

The large and reliable circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the business community as a first-class medium for advertising. Advertisements will be inserted at the following low rates:

1 inch, 3 times	$ 1.5
1 " 3 months	3.50
1 " 6 months	5.00
1 " 1 year	8.50
2 " 6 months	6.00
2 " 1 year	10.00
3 " 6 months	8.00
3 " 1 year	12.00
¼ col'n 6 months	10.00
½ " 6 months	20.00
½ " 1 year	35.00
1 " 6 months	40.00
1 " 1 year	75.00
Administrator's and Executor's Notices	3.50
Auditor's Notices	2.50
Stray and similar Notices	1.50

Business items, first insertion 10c. per line; each subsequent insertion 5c. per line.

☞ Resolutions or proceedings of any corporation or society, and communications designed to call attention to any matter of limited or individual interest, must be paid for as advertisements.

Job Printing of all kind neatly and expeditiously executed at lowest prices. Don't you forget it.

CHEAP!
CHEAPER!
CHEAPEST!

GEO. HUNTLEY
HAS NOW ON HAND THE
LARGEST, BEST AND MOST VARIED
STOCK OF
Hardware!
Stoves, Tinware,
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,
and everything else that can be found in any one establishment in Pennsylvania. His stock comprises

PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,
of various styles and patterns;
Builders' Hardware
of every description and of best quality;
CARPENTERS' TOOLS!
of all kinds and the best in the market. Also, a large stock of
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
Silverware, Queensware, Silver-Plated Ware, Wood and Willow Ware, Wall Paper, Trunks and Valises, Revolvers, Ammunition, Vises, Horse Shoes, Bar Iron, Rail Road Spikes, Carriage Bolts, Rivets, Mill Saws, Grindstones, Steel Shovels, Plow Moulds, Road Scoops;
SEWING MACHINES, HORSE HAY RAKES, Horse Hay Forks, Rope and Pulleys, Corn Cultivators, and a full line of Harvesting Tools. Also, a large assortment of
Table, Floor and Stair Oil Cloths,
Carriage Oil Cloth,
PETROLEUM OIL-CLOTH WINDOW SHADING AND SHADE FIXTURES; Davenport ASHTON Gravity, the best in the world, for Dairy and Table use; Davenport ROCK SALT, the cheapest and best feeding Live Stock; LAND PLASTER; BONE AND PHOSPHATE FUMTS, of the best quality; ATKINS' PATENT SAFETY LAMPS, which cannot be exploded; Cutlasse's WARNOCK and HIRS, the largest stock of MILK CROCKS of all sizes and sizes and of superior ware ever offered in this locality. Shoemaking a full line of PAINT and VARNISH, the most desirable shades; WINDOW GLASS, OILS, PAINTS, TURPENTINE, VARNISHES, &c., together with a large and complete assortment of
GROCERIES, TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
as well as thousands of other useful and needful articles. In fact, anything I have not got you can get on short notice is not worth buying, and what I offer for sale may always be relied on as genuine. In quantity, while these will invariably be SOLD AT BOTTOM PRICES!
☞ Having had nearly thirty years' experience in the sale of goods in my line, I am enabled fully to meet customers with the very best in the market, and as a liberal share of your patronage is solicited, I am convinced that the best is always cheapest, and that it never pays to buy an inferior article simply because the price is low, as it is generally found that such goods are always dearest in the end.
GEO. HUNTLEY.
Ebensburg, April 11, 1879.

A. L. Johnston, M. J. Buck,
F. A. Shoemaker, A. W. Buck
JOHNSTON, SHOEMAKER & BUCK,
BANKERS,
Ebensburg, Pa.
Money Received on Deposit
PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
COLLECTIONS MADE
AT ALL ACCESSIBLE POINTS.
DRAFTS on the Principal Cities
Bought and Sold, and a
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
TRANSACTED.
Accounts Solicited.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.
Ebensburg, March 10, 1880-tf.

INCORPORATED IN 1857.
STRICTLY ON MUTUAL PLAN.
PROTECTION MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMP'NY
OF EBENSBURG, PA.
Premium Notes now in force - $138,000.
Only Six Assessments in 24 Years.
Good FARM PROPERTIES
ESPECIALLY DESIRED.
NO STEAM RISKS TAKEN.
GEO. M. READE, President.
T. W. DICK, Secretary.
Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1881.-1y.

RIVINIUS' BLOCK,
EBENSBURG, PA.,
CARL RIVINIUS,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler,
Has always on hand a large, varied and elegant assortment of WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c., which he offers for sale at lower prices than any dealer in the county. Persons needing anything in his line will do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.
Particular attention paid to repairing Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c., and satisfaction guaranteed in both work and prices.

WILLIAM A. GITTINGS,
—DEALER IN—
PIANOS and ORGANS!
OF THE VERY BEST MAKES.
Office—Fifth Street, - - Ebensburg, Pa.
Tuning and taking of instruments promptly attended to, and instructions in vocal and instrumental music given at reasonable rates. Pianos and Organs sold to reliable parties for cash or other payments when desired. Call and see me.
[1-23,'82-tf.]

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency.
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Policies written at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"
and other First Class Companies.
Ebensburg, Sept. 22, 1881.-1y*

ESTABLISHED FOR THIRTY-FIVE YEARS.
HAY BROTHERS,
Manufacturers,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—DEALERS IN—
TIN, COPPER,
—AND—
Sheet Iron Wares
AND DEALERS IN
HEATING, PARLOR and COOKING
STOVES,
SHEET METALS,
—AND—
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS GENERALLY
Jobbing in
TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Nos. 278, 280 and 282 Washington St
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

LYNCH & STEVENS,
UNDERTAKERS,
And Manufacturers and Dealers in
HOME AND CITY MADE
FURNITURE!
PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,
LOUNGES, BEDSTEADS,
TABLES, CHAIRS,
Mattresses, &c.,
1605 ELEVENTH AVENUE,
Between 16th and 17th Sts.,
ALTOONA, PA.
☞ Citizens of Cambria county and all others wishing to purchase honest FURNITURE, &c., at honest prices are respectfully invited to give us a call before buying elsewhere, as we are confident that we can meet every want and please every taste. Prices the very lowest.
Altoona, April 16, 1880.-tf.

McNEVIN & YEAGER,
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE,
—AND DEALERS IN—
COOKING & HEATING STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES, &c.,
1108 Eleventh Avenue, . Altoona, Pa.
One Door West of Opera House.
ROOFING AND SPOUTING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
REPAIRS FOR STOVES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Altoona, Oct. 10, 1879.-tf.

GUENTHER'S LUNG HEALER,
IMPROVE THE HOUR.
FOR THE CURE OF
CONSUMPTION
Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh of Chest, and all Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.
Price, 50 cents and $1.00. Ask your Druggist for it.
TRADE MARK.
GUENTHER & CO. Pittsburgh.
March 16, 1882.-6m.

ATTENTION, EVERYBODY!
J. G. LLOYD,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
COAL, COKE AND LIME.
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞ LAND LIME A SPECIALTY. [1-12.-tf.]

$20 SAVED! $20
$20 SAVED by purchasing a SEWING MACHINE from the undersigned, whose office is at 1004 Eleventh Avenue, between 16th and 17th Streets, Altoona, Pa., and who offers the editor of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN as reference. Sewing Machines repaired in a workmanlike manner and at lowest prices.
J. McGRATH.
Altoona, April 16, 1881.

WM. H. SECHLER, Johnstown, Pa. M. D. KITTELL, Ebensburg, Pa.
SECHLER & KITTELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
JOHNSTOWN AND EBENSBURG.
OFFICES in Luther & Green's large brick building, corner Main and Clinton sts., Johnstown and in Colonade Row, Ebensburg. [7-1,'81.]

DR. M. J. BUCK,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
ALTOONA, PA.
Office and residence on Fourteenth street, near Eleventh avenue, where night calls can be made. Office hours from 8 to 10, A. M., and from 2 to 4 and 6 to 8, P. M. Special attention paid to diseases of the Eye and Ear, as well as to Surgical Operations of every description. [4-19.-1y.]

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE for our Knitting Machine (very invention). Will knit a pair of Stockings, with HEEL and TOE, complete, in 20 minutes. It will also knit a great variety of other fabrics. Agents are now making from $5 to $10 per day. Circulars and terms free. Address Knitting Machine Co., 29 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

NEW RICH BLOOD!
Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take a pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for a letter stamp.
I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass., (formerly Bangor, Me.

SUFFER
no longer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, want of Appetite, loss of Strength lack of Energy, Malaria, Intermittent Fevers, &c.
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS never fails to cure all these diseases.

Boston, November 26, 1881.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO.
Gentlemen:—For years I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and could get no relief (having tried everything which was recommended) until, acting on the advice of a friend, who had been benefited by BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, I tried a bottle, with most surprising results. Previous to taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, everything I ate distressed me, and I suffered greatly from a burning sensation in the stomach, which was unbearable. Since taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, all my troubles are at an end. Can eat any time without any disagreeable results. I am practically another person.
Mrs. W. J. FLYNN,
30 Maverick St., E. Boston.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache.

Sold by all Druggists.
Brown Chemical Co.
Baltimore, Md.

See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co., Baltimore, and have crossed red lines and trade-mark on wrapper.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE SUPERVISORS OF GALLITZIN TOWNSHIP, for year ending March 15, 1882:

FRANCIS J. CUNNS, Supervisor, Dr.

To amount of Duplicate		$294.14
" " from former Supervisor	12.98	
		$317.09
Cr.		
By amount citizens' work	$187.60	
" " Exonerations	2.10	
" " Orders cashed	4.75	
" " Cash paid for work	1.50	
" 55 days' services as Supervisor	52.50	
		$248.55
Balance due Supervisor		$ 7.51

JAMES TREXLER, Supervisor, Dr.

To amount Duplicate		$220.66
" " from former Supervisor	60.05	
		$280.71
Cr.		
By amount citizens' work	$134.92	
" " Exonerations	2.00	
" " Ret'd uncollected lands	22.66	
" " Orders cashed	8.00	
" " Cash paid for work	32.49	
" 29½ days' services as Supervisor	30.75	
		$231.02
Balance due Township		$ 58.69

LIABILITIES.

Amount of orders issued	$ 60.14
" due from Jas. Trexler, Supervisor	58.69
	$
Liabilities in excess of resources	$ 1.45

We, the Auditors of Gallitzin township, have examined the above accounts and find them to be as above stated.
BERNARD DELANEY, G. J. MYERS, W. CHRISTY, } Auditors.
Gallitzin, March 10, 1882.

STATEMENT OF THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF GALLITZIN BOROUGH for the year ending April 10, 1882:

GEORGE GEYMAN, Collector, Dr.

To amount of Duplicate.....$271.27

Cr.

By am't of tax collected	$250.76
" " " exonerations	6.96
" " returned to Commissioner's	13.55
	$271.27

THOMAS BRADLEY, Treasurer, Dr.

To am't rec'd from F. J. Christy, Treasurer	$ 86.69
To am't rec'd from Collector	250.76
" " fines, etc	38.75
	$370.10

Cr.

By Auditors' fees	$ 4.75
" Treasurer's percentage	7.46
" Furniture for Lock-up	10.75
" Publishing	9.00
" Work on streets	176.25
" Rent of Lock-up	24.00
" Constable's salary	20.00
" Lamps	20.70
" Justice's fee for oath, etc	1.25
" Secretary's salary	10.00
" Repairing Lock-up	1.00
" Blacksmithing	80.—$260.86
Balance in Treasurer's hands	$110.44

We, the undersigned Auditors of Gallitzin Borough, have examined the accounts of the Collector and Treasurer, and certify that they are as above stated.
JAMES EAGAN, A. F. THOMPELL, M. F. KELLY, } Auditors.
Gallitzin, April 10, 1882.—14-3t.

STATEMENT OF SETTLEMENT WITH SUPERVISORS OF BARR TOWNSHIP for year 1881:

JOSEPH HOUCK, Supervisor, Dr.

To full am't of work duplicate	$260.48
" " " " cash "	111.21—$370.69
Cr.	
By am't of work done on roads	$260.21
" sundry orders cashed	58.56
" am't exonerated and returned	5.49
" sixty-five days as supervisor	65.00
" per centage collecting cash tax	3.51—$372.57
" am't to transfer to new duplicate	$ 2.88

ALEXANDER BRADLEY, Supervisor, Dr.

To full am't work duplicate	$227.17
" " " cash "	97.58—$324.55
Cr.	
By am't work done on roads	$228.49
" " sundry orders casted	45.95
" " exonerated	1.25
" forty-six days as supervisor	46.00
" per centage collecting cash tax	4.86—$324.55

LIABILITIES.

Amount of outstanding orders	$ 29.39
A. J. LEE, SIMON P. KISSOCH, JACOB SCHIFF, } Auditors.	

Barr Twp., March 13, 1882.—7-3t.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.
Letters testamentary to the estate of Francis Cooper, late of Clearfield township, dec'd, having been issued to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same should present them properly authenticated for settlement.
PHILIP COOPER, JOSEPH COOPER, } Executors.
Clearfield Twp., March 24, 1882.—6t.*

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the final account of Henry Walters, Assignee of David Sharp, for the benefit of creditors, has been filed in the Prothonotary's office of Cambria county, which account will be confirmed absolutely by the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said county, on Monday, April 10, 1882, if exceptions be not filed before that time.
By the Court.
JOHN G. GATES, Prothonotary.
Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, March 29, '82.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. [4-7,'82-1y.*]

COULD WE TELL.

Could we tell what's best, my neighbor,
In the world we're passing through—
How to manage well and wisely,
All the tasks we have to do—
Could we see life's cares and pitfalls,
Could we count its many snares,
Should we happier be than meeting,
As we do, Fate unawares?

Could we tell, my friend and neighbor,
What there was for us in store—
Whether riches and abundance,
Or the lean wolf at the door—
Could we foresee hours of anguish,
Every ache and every pain,
Would not life lose half its sweetness?
Would not pleasure be in vain?

Walking blindly through the shadows,
Now and then a cheering ray,
Hope and Faith our shield and bcekler,
Is for us the better way.
By and by the mist will vanish,
By and by the shadows glide,
Letting in the light of wisdom
When we reach the other side.

A QUEER FELLOW-TRAVELLER.

A TRUE STORY.

Some years ago I had occasion to take a long journey to the north; a journey which would involve my traveling all night. A few days before I had received an invitation from a friend of mine, who lived at a town which I had to pass, to dine and stay the night at his house; an invitation which I gladly accepted, as it would prove a pleasant break in the monotony of the journey. I resolved, therefore, to so arrange matters as to arrive at his house in time for dinner, and proceed to my destination the next morning. When the day arrived I was very busy; so, after a hurried lunch, I packed up a few necessaries and rushed off to Euston, where I arrived with just two minutes to spare. I asked for my train, which the guard pointed out, adding, "If you don't hurry up, sir, you'll lose it." I took his advice and jumped into the nearest first-class compartment, the door of which stood open, and in which there was but one other occupant. I settled myself for my journey, and for the first time had leisure to observe my fellow-traveller. Now I rather pride myself on being a judge of physiognomy, and my first impressions of him were the reverse of pleasant. He was evidently 'a fidgety, nervous sort of man; he had restless gray eyes, without much expression in them, while his hair and beard were of a reddish hue. He was dressed in a long ulster, which I thought quite unnecessary; for though it was late in the year the weather was by no means cold. There was on the seat beside him a small oaken box, strongly bound with brass; and his eyes were constantly glancing from this box to me in a way that I did not at all like. I began to have visions of Fenian plots, infernal machines, and I do not know what. After regarding me steadily for a few minutes, he said:

"Is it possible, sir, that you are not aware of this carriage being reserved for State officials?"

I looked around, and seeing no indications of the fact, replied that I was not aware of such being the case.

"Then, sir," he replied, "I must beg of you instantly to vacate it, and leave me here in solitary silence."

Considering that the train was then going at the rate of about forty miles an hour, and would not stop until it reached a small station half way to my destination in about an hour's time, I could not quite see how I was to comply with his request, or rather command; and I frankly told him so, adding that I had as much right there as he had, and did not intend moving.

He replied, with a most solemn air:

"Then your fate be on your own head."

This began to frighten me, for the man's manner convinced me that he must be insane; and the prospect of an hour's journey shut up in a first-class railway carriage with a madman was not calculated to raise my spirits. However, I put a bold face on the matter, and affected to be engrossed with my newspaper, though in reality I was watching his every movement. He suddenly seized hold of the wooden box and held it on his knee, mumbling some inarticulate words, then suddenly replaced it beside him. In doing so I caught a glimpse of the butt of a pistol sticking out of his pocket. Here was a pretty dilemma; shut up in a railway carriage with a man who was decidedly insane, and armed with a revolver or pistol, while I had nothing more defensive than an umbrella and a roll of papers, which, in consequence of their length, I was compelled to carry in my hand. Presently he began again:

"Have you studied the marvellous powers of electricity, may I ask?"

I replied in the negative.

"I have," said he; "and have arrived at such a pitch of perfection that, aided by the contents of this box, I could blow this train and everybody in it to infinitesimal atoms."

"But," I hazarded, "how about yourself?"

"I should calmly mount into the air and survey the scene without injury."

"How?" said I.

"That," he replied, "is my business; look to yourself."

Pleasant this for me? However, I made some remark which seemed to satisfy him; and he lapsed again into silence. I felt more than ever convinced of his madness, thinking he had probably escaped from some private asylum, for he was evidently a gentleman; yet I could not understand what the box could be which he guarded so jealously. I felt very sorry for him, in spite of my dangerous situation. I then tried another tack and made several commonplace remarks to him; to all of which he answered in monosyllables, suddenly bursting out with,

"Do you dare to address me, sir, without having first disclosed to me who you are? Your temerity surprises me."

I thought it best to humor him, and handed him my card, on which was inscribed: "J. B. Smith, Quality Court."

"Ha! I guessed you were a Smith; you look like one; a blacksmith, if I may judge by the smuts on your face." Here he broke into a maniacal laugh. When he had finished laughing, he said: "Do you want to know who I am?"

He said I thought I might as well know his name if he did not mind.

"Well," said he, leaning forward and peering into my eyes, keeping one hand on the box, "when you first jumped into the carrige I was the Khan of Tartary, but the wonders of electricity are such that I am even now changing; I may be anybody in a few hours, or even minutes." I suppose I looked surprised, for he went on: "Ah, you look surprised; but perhaps you will hardly believe that my temper quite depends on who I may happen to be. Not long ago I was conversing with some friends, and I suddenly changed into the King of Siam, and before they could get out of my way I bit three of their fingers off. You should have seen them scatter. Ha, ha, ha!"

"Good gracious!" I exclaimed. "You don't mean it?"

"Oh, yes, I do. But do not be alarmed; I never am so dangerous unless I happen to assume that character."

Then he sat quiet, and I was thankful for a little peace. On looking at my watch I found that we had yet another quarter of an hour before the train would stop. How I wished the time away! for I fully intended to change my carriage at the next stopping station. All at once, to my alarm, he said quite unconcernedly:

"I feel it my solemn duty to inform you that I am changing, and that in a few minutes I shall be the King of Siam."

Instinctively I looked around for some means of escape, at the same time grasping my umbrella firm, resolved at least to sell my fingers dearly. Never shall I forget the feeling of thankfulness with which I heard the whistle of the train announcing our approach to the next station. I collected my things together near me, so as to be prepared for a hasty exit, the more so as I noticed the feelings of his Majesty of Siam were being worked up to a pitch of excitement, and the way he showed his teeth would have terrified a far less nervous man than myself. As we neared the station the train slackened its speed, and at last stopped. Just as I jumped out the maniac made a spring at me; but I fortunately avoided him, and slammed the door in his face. I got into the next department, which was empty; and, as the guard closed the door, I called out: "Here, I say, guard, there's a madman in—" But the whistle drowned the rest of my sentence, and the train moved off before I had time to complete it. I sat still in a horrible state of nervousness, expecting I hardly know what.

At last the train stopped at the station for which I was bound, and I jumped out. As I passed the carriage I could see him sitting there quietly; and I went into the station-master's room and told him shortly what had happened, advising him to take some means of securing him. He promised to telegraph, but said it was no business of his; and with this assurance I had to be content.

I then went off to my friend's house, where I arrived just in time for dinner. I suppose the traces of my fright still remained, for no sooner did I enter the dining-room than my host exclaimed:

"Why, what is the matter, old man? You've not met a ghost on the road, have you?"

I told him I had seen somebody a good deal worse than a ghost; and, during dinner, I related my adventure, upon which they all congratulated me on my lucky escape. After dinner I went off early to bed, pleading fatigue and the next day's business as my excuse.

When I awoke in the morning I found my host ready for breakfast, and I joined him at once, as my train left in an hour's time. As I shook hands with him at the station he remarked that he should like to hear of the man being caught.

I transacted my business, and, as I had time to spare, I turned into the first hotel I came to, and walked up into the billiard room, where I met Fred Charlton, an old school-fellow of mine, who was playing billiards with three other fellows. He seemed surprised to see me, and asked me how I got there. I told him I had come down there early that morning, and I then proceeded to give him a sketch of my adventurous journey of the night before. Fred smiled, and said:

"Ah, yes; old man. I heard something about it."

"You heard something?" I said. "From whom?"

"Well," he replied, "I'll tell you all about it, for the benefit of the company. Old Harris, the diamond merchant, told me last night that he had just come down from London. When he had taken his seat in the carriage at Euston all alone, just as the train started, some fellow rushed at his carriage and jumped in. Harris said he did not much like the look of the fellow, and, as he had about eight thousand pounds worth of diamonds with him in a small box, he began to feel uncomfortable. He said the stranger was a strong, active man, and that if it had come to a struggle for the diamonds Harris would have had no chance—for he evidently felt sure the fellow meant robbery; so he determined to try and frighten him out of the carriage by pretending madness, which he says he did so effectually that the fellow, in sheer fright, bolted at the first stoppage, and left him to finish his journey here alone. But we did not know that you were the hero, old man," said Fred, as the whole four burst into such a shout of laughter as I never heard before. "You must stay and be introduced to him afresh; he will be here to-night."

I did not stop to hear anything more. I rushed down stairs, thoroughly realizing that I had been made a fool, caught the first train home, and have not shown myself in that neighborhood since.—*London Society.*

A MERCIFUL DOG.—An Edinburgh paper has a story of a poor dog that, in order to make sport for some merciless beings in the shape of men, had a pan tied to his tail, and was sent off on his travels.

On reaching the village of Galt he was utterly exhausted, and lay down before the steps of a tavern, eyeing most anxiously the horrid annoyance hung behind him, but unable to move a step farther to rid himself of the torment. Another dog, a Scotch collie, came up at the same time, and seeing the distress of his "crony," laid himself gently down beside him, and, gaining his confidence by a few caresses, proceeded to gnaw the string by which the noisy appendage was attached to his friend's tail, and, with about a quarter of an hour's exertion, severed the cord and started to his legs with the pan hanging to the string in his mouth; and after a few joyful capers around his friend he took leave of him in the highest glee at his success. What a lesson to man to show mercy! And what a rebuke!—*Chimes.*

THE SHORT ROAD.—Young man, cut out these rules and paste them on the inside of your hat and read them three times a day.—Women, read these rules every morning to your husbands. They are worth perpetuating.

If you wish to be always thirsty be a drunkard; for the oftener, and more you drink, the more thirsty you will be.

If you wish to keep your friends from helping you on in the world be a drunkard; for that of itself will defeat you in all efforts.

If you are determined to be poor, be a drunkard; for soon you will be ragged and penniless.

If you wish to starve your family, be a drunkard; for that will consume your means.

If you wish to be imposed on by knaves, be a drunkard; that being a sure mode of destruction.

If you would have no resources when past labor, but a workhouse, be a drunkard; and you will accomplish it most effectually.

WELL-KNOWN PHRASES.

HOW THE FOLLOWING ARE SAID TO HAVE ORIGINATED.

HURRAH.—This word, which is so frequently shouted, in this country especially, originated among the eastern nations, where it was used as a war-cry, from the belief that every man who died in battle for his country went to heaven. It is derived from the Slavonic word, "Hurra," which means "to Paradise."

WHAT ARE YOU GIVING ME?—This oft-repeated expression—indicative of disbelief—which has been added to the vocabulary of slang, has no less a source than the Bible. It may be found in the thirty-eighth chapter of Genesis.

A CAT MAY LOOK AT A KING.—This saying is said to have had the following origin: When Charles II. was fleeing, in disguise, from England to France, he was sitting on deck directing the course of the vessel, when one of the sailors filling his pipe near by, blew some of the tobacco in his face. The master of the ship ordered the marine to go further away from the "gentleman," when he, grumblingly, replied, quite ignorant as to the quality of the passenger: "A cat may look at a king."

"SWEET-BY-AND-BY."—This popular hymn was the work of two men—Joseph P. Webster, now dead, who composed the music, and Dr. F. S. Bennett, at the present time a resident of Richmond, Ill., the author of the verses. The two wrote a hymn-book in 1874, and the "Sweet By-and-By" was one of the pieces jointly produced for it. The suggestion came from a chance remark by Webster, who was habitually despondent, that all would be well "by-and-by." Bonnett at once made the rhymes, and Webster brought the music out of a fiddle, which was his customary aid in composition. The hymn-book had its day and is forgotten; but this one tune is put into every new publication of the kind, and has a sale of about 10,000 copies a year in sheet form. Dr. Bennett says that he and Webster were not orthodox Christians when the hymn was written, and that he is now even a less believer.

AS DEAD AS A HERRING.—This expression has a simple origin. The herring, which when fat is called a "bloater," dies immediately upon its removal from the sea. It wants air, and can live only in salt water; whereas eels live a long time after leaving their native element. Swimming so near the surface, as it does, the herring requires much air, and the gills when dry cannot perform their function—that of breathing.

GNOG.—Admiral Vernon, the same after whom Mount Vernon was called, was the first to require his men to drink their spirits mixed with water. In bad weather he was in the habit of walking the deck in a rough grogram cloak, and hence had obtained the name of "Old Groe" in the service. Such was the name applied to rum and water.

LIMBO OR LIMBUS.—[Lat. "Limbus," a border.] A region supposed by some of the old scholastic theologians to lie on the borders or confines of hell. Here, it was thought, the souls of just men, not admitted into heaven or into purgatory, remained to await the general resurrection. Such were the patriarchs and other pious ancients who died before the birth of Christ. Hence the "limbo" was called "limbus patrum." According to some of the school men there was also a "limbus puerorum" or "infantium," a similar place allotted to the souls of infants dying unbaptized. To these were added, in popular opinion, a "limbus fatuorum," or fool's paradise, the receptacle of all vanity and nonsense.

JACK KETCH.—A hangman or executioner, commonly so called from one John Ketch, a wretch who lived in the time of James II., and made himself universally odious by the butchery of many brave and noble victims, particularly those sentenced to death by the infamous Jeffreys during the "Bloody Assizes."

HALCYON DAYS.—Halcyone was the wife of Celyx, and the latter having met his death by drowning, Halcyone cast herself into the sea with the dead body, and both were transformed into the kingfisher bird. The animal lays its eggs on rocks near the sea in calm mid-winter, and the "halcyon days" are therefore seven days before and after the winter solstice.

A BONE TO PICK.—It was an old marriage custom in Sicily for the bride's father to give the bridegroom a bone, saying: "Pick this in order to show how you can manage a wife, which is more difficult than picking a bone." This is a common explanation; but the practice of throwing bones to dogs is a more natural method of accounting for the saying.

ANECDOTES OF THE HORSE.—The fidelity of the horse is a favorite theme of the naturalist. Frequently, a dog or a cat is the object of the attachment, probably from the fact that those are the animals they are chiefly brought into contact with; but their devotedness to their masters or attendants and their gentleness to children have formed the groundwork of a hundred tales. Youatt mentions many instances of attachment between horses and animals of other species, such as that of Duncannon, a well-known racer, for a sheep, which it would lift into the manger to share its fodder; but would permit no one else to molest it in any way. Chillaby, another famous horse, which only one groom ever dared to approach, had also a favorite lamb that it loved and tended with paternal affection.

A wonderful anecdote of affection in horses is told by Monsieur de Boussanelle, and although it is not an instance of friendship between animals of opposite tribes it is too appropriate to our theme to be overlooked. This gentleman, a cavalry officer, mentions that a horse belonging to his company, being from old age, unable to eat its hay or chew its oats, for two whole months was fed by two horses, one on each side of it, who ate from the same manger. These two noble creatures drew the hay out of the rack, chewed it, and put it intact before the old horse, and did the same with the oats, which he was then able to eat.

Youatt, it is presumed, is the authority for an account of the way in which a colt repaid the kindness and care of a farmer's boy who fed it. One day the boy was pursued by an infuriated bull, and contrived to reach a ditch and get into it before his pursuer could overtake him. The bull endeavored to gore him, and would, it is believed, have succeeded, had not the colt come to his assistance. This grateful little animal assaulted the bull, screaming so loudly all the while that some laborers were attracted to the spot, and rescued the lad from his perilous position.

NEVER confound the bad with the good remedies. The very best we know of is PERUNA.—*Star.*

A STORY BY AN OLD SCOUT.

An old scout says that General Harney was the best leader for the plains he ever saw. He was cool and deliberate, but a lion in a fight, and concludes in answer to interrogatories: "I was with him at the time of the Mountain Meadow massacre. When he heard about it he sent out scouts to find out who the murderers were, and when they reported to him that they were the Mormons, off he went with his entire command for Salt Lake City, swearing every rod of the way that he would hang the murderers if he had to hang every Mormon in Utah. He intended to give Brigham Young twenty-four hours to surrender the murderers, and, unless that was done, Latter-Day Saints would be mighty scarce around there. Before we reached Salt Lake a messenger overtook us with orders from the war department for Harney to return to camp, that the civil authorities would attend to the massacre business.

"He thought the matter over for a little while and then declared that he had started for Salt Lake City, and that he would go there if he was court-martialed and shot for it. And he went, too; and if the war department ever heard of it no action was taken.

We camped a short distance out of the city, and stayed a few days to give the animals a rest, and they needed it sadly for we had traveled fast. The morning that we started back to Yuma a young girl, about seventeen or eighteen years old, came out to the camp and applied to Brady, the train master, to help her escape. Her parents were English, who had joined the Mormons not long before, and one of the elders wanted to marry her. Her parents were trying to force her to this polygamous marriage, and she could only avoid it by running away. She had an uncle and aunt in San Francisco, and to them she wanted to go.

"Brady wasn't the man to say 'no' under such circumstances, but he stowed her away in the flour wagon by piling the barrels around her in such away that she couldn't be seen from either end. We hadn't gone far before a dozen Mormons overtook us, the girl's father being with them, they went through that train until they found the girl. After they had got her out, she turned to Brady and bade him good-bye, at the same time thanking him for trying to help her.—That, of course, gave him dead away, and the Mormons arrested him for kidnapping the girl, and they all went toward the city. Harney saw that there was something wrong with the train, and back came a messenger to see what was the matter. As soon as Harney was informed of what had occurred he ordered the train to halt and stay there until he got back, and away he and the troop went for the Mormons. They had a long start of him, however, and reached the city first. Do you suppose Harney stopped when he reached the city? Not a bit of it. Right up the main street he went on a gallop, and when he jumped from his horse and cried 'Halt!' it was right in front of Brigham's office. There was a guard on duty there with a musket and fixed bayonet, but as he brought his weapon to a charge Harney gave it a kick that turned the guard half round, and the next instant he was disarmed. Harney strode into the office with half a dozen soldiers at his heels, and two minutes later Brigham was a straddle of a horse and galloping down the street in the centre of a troop of cavalry.

"It was fun to see the Mormons stare as they saw the old man in such company, but before they could have time to see we were out of the city. About five miles out Harney ordered a halt, and it wasn't long before a lot of Mormons came riding as fast as their horses could carry them. When they got within sound of his voice, Harney ordered them to halt or he'd fire on them, and they halted. Then he ordered Brigham to tell them to go back to the city and bring Brady and the girl back with them, and he said to Brigham:

"'If they are not here within two hours I'll fill your carcass full of government lead!'

"'You don't dare to,' said Brigham.

"'Why,' says Harney, 'I'll shoot you myself.'

"Long before the two hours were up Brady and the girl were there, and when we got to Yuma, Harney sent a guard with her to San Bernardino, on her way to San Francisco.—That's the kind of a man Harney was."

HAIR TURNING WHITE IN A SINGLE NIGHT.—About fifteen years ago a young man named Henry Richards, who lived at Terre Haute, Ind., was going home one evening about dark from a visit to a friend, and was walking along the railroad track. Some little distance from town was a very high trestlework over a creek, there being no planks placed across for walking, so that people had to go over on the ties.

Richards was walking along at a lively rate, and when he arrived at the bridge he did not stop to think that a train coming in was then due, but, being in a hurry to get home, he started to walk across on the crossties. He had gotten nearly half way across the bridge when the train came slipping around a curve at a lively rate. He saw the train at once and started to run, but saw that it was useless as it would certainly overtake him before he could get off the bridge.

He was now in a terrible plight. To jump off was certain death, and if he remained on the track the train would crush him to pieces. There was no woodwork beneath the bridge for him to hang on to, so he saw that his only chance was to swing on to a small iron rod that passed under the crossties.—No time was to be lost, as the train was nearly on the end of the bridge. So he swung himself under the ties, and in a few moments was hanging on for dear life. The engineer had seen him just before he swung under the bridge, and tried to stop the train, but did more harm than good, as he only succeeded in checking the speed of the train and made it a longer time in passing over the form of Richards. As the engine passed over the coals of fire from the ashpan dropped on his hands, burning the flesh to

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - APRIL 21, 1882.

MAJOR JOHN H. FILLER, for many years connected with the Harrisburg *Patriot*, has gone to Philadelphia to take a position on the editorial staff of the *Daily Record*. It is a difficult task to attempt to improve the *Record*, but the Major is a vigorous writer and will do all he can, and that is a great deal, in that direction.

WE intended last week, but forgot, to mention the fact that the Harrisburg *Patriot* had increased in size and is also printed from new type. The *Patriot* has always been a realiable Democratic journal, and the fullness and accuracy of its telegraphic news adds immensely to its other attractions and makes it a welcome visitor to its large list of subscribers. May it ever prosper.

OF the seventy-six members who compose the United States Senate, five are of foreign birth, viz: Charles W. Jones, Dem., of Florida, James G. Fair, Dem., of Nevada, and William J. Sewell, Rep., of New Jersey, all of whom were born in Ireland; James B. Beck, Dem., of Kentucky, who is a native of Scotland, and John P. Jones, Rep., of Nevada, who is a native of England.

A CONFERENCE was held at the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, on Tuesday of last week, which was attended by Major General Hartranft and others, at which it was decided to hold the next State encampment of the National Guard at Lewistown, beginning on Saturday, the 19th of August next. There will be no separate encampment for the brigades, as was the case last year.

A PATHETIC reminiscence of the battle of Gettysburg came before Congress one day last week in a short and simple pension bill, as follows:

"Be it enacted that the Secretary of the the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place on the pension roll, subject to the provisions and limitations of the Pension laws, the name of Mary Wade, of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, who was the mother of Jennie Wade, who was killed while baking bread for the Union soldiers, and pay the said Mary Wade a pension at the rate of $8 per month, to begin from and after the passage of this act, to continue during the widowhood of the said Mary Wade, she having been dependent for support on her said daughter."

HON. HENRY P. ROSS, President Judge of the Montgomery county district died after a few days' illness at Norristown, on yesterday week. He was in the forty-seventh year of his age, and was one of the very ablest Judges in the State. He was first elected in 1871 and was re-elected last November. In the Democratic State convention of 1874 he stood next to the highest candidate on the last ballot for Judge of the Supreme Court; in 1875 he was a prominent candidate for Governor, and in 1878 was nominated as the Democratic candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, but was defeated by Judge Sterrett.

IN a railroad car on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad one day last week, the seats were all full except one, the only occupant of which was a pleasant looking Irishman from Lawrence county, and when the train reached Beaver a couple of evidently well-bred and intelligent young ladies came in to procure seats. Seeing none vacant, they were about going into the next car, when Patrick arose hastily and offered them his seat with evident pleasure. "But you will have no seat for yourself," said one of the young ladies with a smile, hesitating, with true politeness, to accept it. "Niver mind that," replied the gallant Hibernian; "I'd willingly ride upon a cow-catcher from here to Pittsburg for a smile from such jintlemanly ladies."

THE Chinese bill introduced into the House immediately after Mr. Arthur's veto of the original bill over two weeks ago passed that body under a suspension of the rules and amidst great excitement, on Monday last. The yeas were 201 and the nays 37. The bill as passed prohibits Chinese immigration during the next *ten* years, instead of *twenty*, as in the vetoed bill, but contain the same provisions as to passports and the prohibition of Chinese naturalization. If this bill passes the Senate, as it pretty certainly will, and if Mr. Arthur, in view of the Republican collapse in the three Pacific coast States resulting from his veto, should now conclude with Falstaff that discretion is the better part of valor and sign the bill, it will be peculiarly interesting to learn the reasons for his belief that while it is radically wrong and a "breach of our national faith" to close American seaports against Chinamen for *twenty* years, it is eminently right and proper to do so for *ten* years. If he solves this problem he will deserve to be nominated for President in 1884.

MAHONE'S pet scheme, the Congressional gerrymander, received a fatal backset in the Virginia State Senate on Thursday of last week. Under the bill, as we have heretofore stated, the Repudiationists would elect eight out of the ten members to which the State is entitled, and the Democrats the two remaining members. In this shape the bill had passed the House some time ago, but when the final vote was taken on it in the Senate, on the day above stated, it was defeated, the vote standing—yeas, 16; nays, 19; two independent Republicans and three Democratic Readjusters voting against it. The fight over the bill has been going on for weeks, with Mahone on one side and ex-State Auditor Massey, a Methodist minister and the real founder of the Readjuster party on the other, Massey's object being to defeat the bill and become a candidate for Congress at large for the additional seat to which the State is entitled. He is by odds the ablest stump speaker in the State, and as he has a sore grudge against Mahone he will make the campaign intensely interesting. For the present session at least Mahone's bill to redistrict the State is as dead as Julius Cæsar.

JESSE JAMES, the most noted bandit on the continent, who was assassinated in his own house in St. Joseph, Mo., two weeks ago last Monday by Bob Ford, aided and abetted by his brother, Chas. Ford, was the son of a Baptist minister and was born in Kentucky. As a professional murderer, bank robber, and, of late years, train robber, he has been the terror of Missouri and other Western States for the last fifteen years. Governor Crittenden, of Missouri, had an interview with the Fords in Kansas City last February and said to them that he would give $10,000 for Jesse James, "dead or alive." The two Fords, who were both men after Jesse's own heart, became inmates of his house at St. Joseph, where he was living under the name of Howard—Charles being there even at the time the Governor made his offer and Bob going there about three weeks before he murdered him. Murderer and outlaw as Jesse James was, when Bob Ford, watching his chance, fired a pistol bullet into the back part of his head while he stood on a chair dusting a picture that hung on the wall, he became a murderer himself and the Governor became an accessory before the fact to the crime. The people of Missouri will no doubt condone the murder of James upon grounds of public necessity, but that is no excuse for the Governor of a State hiring one murderer to slay another murderer. How many men Jesse James killed is not known, but the number is large. The banks he plundered exceeded the number of fingers on his hands, and the railroad trains he is known to have robbed counted full half that number. And yet his mother, a large, masculine fearless woman, familiar with Jesse's long career of rapine and blood, regards him as a martyr and believes, or says she believes, he is in heaven. "My dear boy," she said as she stood over his dead body, "is better off in heaven to-day than he would be here with us." Such unlimited faith as that is strong enough to move a mountain. A St. Louis dispatch dated on Monday last, says that the Grand Jury at St. Joseph found an indictment that morning against the Fords for murder in the first degree—that on the afternoon they pleaded guilty and were sentenced to be hung on the 19 of May. If Gov. Crittenden has not already pardoned them there can be no doubt about his doing so.

THE Allegheny county delegates to the Democratic State Convention recently issued an address to the Democracy of the State urging the nomination of James H. Hopkins, of Pittsburg, for Governor. The address concludes with the declaration that the public record of Mr. Hopkins is unassailable; that his private life is without reproach; that his business capacity is of the first order, and his integrity above suspicion. As the FREEMAN has heretofore more than once avowed its preferences for Mr. Hopkins, it endorses everything set forth in the address in favor of his nomination. When, however, the additional reason is assigned in the address why he should be nominated that 'Allegheny county has not had a Democratic nominee for Governor in the history of the Commonwealth," we must respectfully, but firmly, dissent in the interest of the truth of political history. In the summer of 1844, after the death of Henry A. Muhlenberg, who was then the Democratic candidate for Governor, the State convention was reassembled and nominated Francis R. Shunk, who was then a citizen of Pittsburg. That was the year of the celebrated Polk and Clay campaign. Shunk was elected over Gen. Markle, of Westmoreland county, was re-elected in 1847, and died a few months after his inauguration in 1848. Shunk was just as much a citizen of Allegheny county when he was nominated and elected Governor in 1844 as Mr. Hopkins is to-day, and if the latter should be nominated and elected, as we trust he may, we can only hope that he will walk in the footsteps of that honest and incorruptible Democrat, Francis R. Shunk, whose memory will be honored throughout Pennsylvania long after the name of the men who now control, and by controlling debauch the politics of the State, are buried out of sight an forever forgotten.

THE Attorney General of the United States, Benjamin H. Brewster, to whom the President referred Fitz John Porter's letter in regard to his case, has furnished Mr. Arthur with a lengthy opinion which, as the Philadelphia *Times* remarks, is substantially that however completely the innocence of Gen. Porter may be established, the law affords him no relief. Mr. Brewster holds that the President has no power to review the sentence of the court martial that convicted Porter; that by the exercise of the pardoning power he could relieve him of his disability, but that this would not permit him to nominate Fitz John Porter for restoration to his former rank in the army, and that he can only be restored by a special act of Congress. It is a maxim of the law that there is no wrong without a remedy, but it seems that Fitz John Porter's case is to be made the one conspicuous exception to this universal rule. The evidence taken before the Board of Inquiry, composed of Generals Schofield, Terry and Getty, established Porter's innocence so plainly that it is not now a debatable question; and yet Mr. Arthur's Attorney General decides that Porter's only remedy is by a special act of Congress. This of course relieves the President and throws the whole responsibility upon the legislative branch of the government. What course General Porter will now take in his long but baffled pursuit of justice remains to be seen. That full justice, however, will yet be accorded him we cannot permit ourselves to doubt for one moment.

THE Republican Legislature of Ohio adjourned *sine die* on Monday last, and, in view of its sins of commission as well as of omission, there is a remarkable unanimity of opinion throughout the State that the "grand old Republican party" in Ohio has received a blow from the damaging effects of which no amount of heroic treatment can restore it to a good fighting condition between this and the State election in October.

OUR PHILADELPHIA LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18, 1882.

[*Regular Correspondence of* THE FREEMAN.]

DEAR HENRY—Owing to the financial pressure I fear I will not be able to visit Europe this year. As an offset for the pain this intelligence may give you and the readers of the FREEMAN, I am happy in being able to announce the consoling information that M. Hall Stanton and his charming wife will again be chief entertainers at Cape May.

I presume it is a matter of great gratitude to every Christian heart in Cambria that the infidel plan of salvation for the Dorsey gang has been upset. If even Bob Ingersoll has not yet entirely succeeded in getting away with the Bible and the Christian religion it is consoling to know that he failed in this plan of salvation for the Star Route thieves. Happily Judge Wiley removed Bob's stumbling block, and the Star Route thieves will be prosecuted.

Cump Sherman has done a horrible thing in ruthlessly ordering Captain Bradley to his regiment. By this cruel act Washington society has been cast into gloom. For fifteen years at a fat salary Captain Bradley has led the German in Washington, and now he is ordered to the post of duty. Oh! cruel Cump.

Poor old Christiancy—ill-fortune's harpoon still keeps spearing him. A stirring up of the Peruvian pool has brought the poor old fellow to the surface again in a very filthy condition. It seems that Minister Hulbert was sensible to the very last. The good Minister's last words were: "Shipperd is a curious mixture of the knave and the fool, with a bare preponderance of the former."

Jesse James, who has been killed many times, if not thoroughly killed this time will return again. If Jesse really is dead, he will be missed.

Certain politicians who have been flattering themselves with the belief that ex-Governor Hartranft's goose was cooked have had their peace of mind disturbed by being assured that his goose is still in full feather and laying bigger eggs than any man's goose in the country.

Last Saturday night attested the great interest the workingmen of Philadelphia take in the Chinese question. While no Chinaman was beguiled from his wash tub to gaze on the banners and devices which proclaimed him an uncongenial and unwelcome guest of the American nation, all other nationalities and races were represented. Our great anti-Chinese statesmen will discover that something more than an abrogation of the stipulation of the Emperor of China will be required for the exclusion of the Chinese.

WASHINGTON JOTTINGS.

It is said that Guiteau's President strolls about the streets of Washington late at night with Tom Murphy, Bliss and others of the Grant gang. Gossip likewise says that he goes about at night with a buxom blonde grass widow. The naughty Chester.

It is also said there has not been such an excitement in the White House since the amiable Cump fought Doc. Bliss for the last bottle of invalid champagne, as there was a few evenings ago, when the colored valet to Arthur was dusting off Mrs. Hayes' benign countenance and his half-pay wife appeared and dusted him off.

Brewster's coat of arms is described as being one of the most gorgeous works of art seen about Washington. I have no idea what the design is, but the Macon *Messenger* says it is "a jackass in the act of shouting 'honk!' 'honk!' 'honk!' loud enough to be heard in South Carolina." By the by, Benjamin Brewster, it is said, is making himself the most thoroughly disliked man in Washington.

THREE ANIMATING PRINCIPLES.

Hon. Wayne MacVeagh says: "The Republican party has three animating principles. The first is the spoils system; the second is bossism, and the third is repudiation." All three of these systems that gentleman declares to be most distasteful to him. In speaking of the President, Mr. MacVeagh says: "What Mr. Arthur was in the New York Custom House a few years ago, President Arthur is to-day in the White House. Arthur, who has practiced the boss rule in politics all his life, will continue in that rut while he is President. Although in his letter accepting the nomination for Vice President he declared for civil reform, he ignored his pledge when elected, and was engaged in the most disreputable work for bossism when the shot was fired that made him President." As the men who will meet in the next Republican State Convention are almost dying for civil service reform and relief from boss rule, they should make Mr. MacVeagh's speech their platform of principles.

Probably it was from delicate personal considerations that Mr. MacVeah did not speak of William F. Chandler's appointment to the Cabinet. It certainly must be galling to Mr. MacVeagh to see the man whom the Senate rejected at his instance for Solicitor General called to a higher office in the succeeding administration. When a party sustains, coddles, and deifies its thieves, there is encouragement for being a thief. Chandler, however, owes his place to superserviceable Democratic Senators. According to Mr. MacVeagh the Republican party is suffering from the spoils system, bossism and the degrading alliance with Mahonism. The Republicans of Pennsylvania will surely make Mr. MacVeah's speech their party platform at the coming State Convention.

THE BLUDSO OF THE CABINET.

Chandler is now the Bludso of the Cabinet. He holds the nozzle of the Arthur craft against the bank for the half breed passengers to get ashore—The honest (?) United States Senators did not think William E. Chandler would be an ornament for the Garfield administration, but thought he would do well enough for the Arthur dynasty. The difference between Arthur's and Garfield's estimation of Chandler is that Arthur estimates him at a much higher rate than Garfield did. If Senator Edmunds didn't hurry back from Florida to vote for Chandler for Secretary of the Navy there were enough superserviceable Democratic Senators to do it for him.

"THAT LIZZARD ON THE HILL."

My Lord Roscoe Conkling speaks of Governor Cornell as "that lizzard on the hill." My Lord Roscoe, if he has lost everything else still retains his topliftical sarcasm. Governor Cornell's remains may now be taken out and delivered to his family for interment. The "lizzard on the hill" may be said to lay over the "snake in the grass." I have searched to find something more sarcastic, but can find nothing in sarcasm so very toplofticul as that "lizzard on the hill."

DORSEY AND BRADY.

Dorsey has skipped the country and Brady is busted. The fugitive from justice saved several millions of dollars of the Star Route stealings and Brady is poor. Dorsey knew all about the Star Raute expediting tricks, and Brady held the Post Office purse strings. Brady now thoroughly understands the expediting tricks, but Dorsey has the cash. It was a profitable partnership, but Dorsey got away with the profits. Brady's experience is as that of the capitalist who furnished the money in an enterprise as an offset to the experience of his partner, and found when winding up the affairs of the firm that his partner had secured the capital, while he had accumulated a large quantity of experience.

SHIPPERD LOVES NOTORIETY.

Like Guiteau, Shipherd loves notoriety. He likes to have himself noticed. The Peruvian Company affairs is an all-absorbing newspaper subject, and the prominence it has given to Mr. Shipperd is very pleasing to him. He will never reach the end of the story until the newspapers cease to give him notoriety. Conkling's friends want him to go for Shipherd with a shot gun, because he said Roscoe would be pleased to receive a retainer in the Peruvian business. The Blaine men are smiling from ear to ear over what Shipherd says about Conkling, and Shipherd enjoys hugely the publication of all developments.

THE DOOR LOCKED AND KEY LOST.

It will be a grevious wrong if Congress hesitates to make whatever enactment may be required to vindicate the justice of the American people in the Porter case. Attorney General Brewster has decided that there is no power to remove his sentence, no matter how fully his innocence has been established. The proceedings of the court martial approved by the President cannot be obliterated or set aside. The pleasant feature of the case is that it will be made a party issue instead of a question of fact.

Let it be kept before the people, that Gen. Fitz John Porter, who saved the Union army in front of Richmond, and who was prosecuted by Stanton and his gang, and still suffers under a sentence which has been pronounced an outrage on decency and justice by a military commission, while Whittaker, who slit his own ears and forged a note to fire the northern heart, has escaped punishment, and Flipper, who embezzled army funds and was found guilty, and was not punished. Sergeant Mason, too, who attempted to murder a prisoner under guard, to be made a hero of.

G. N. S.

WHATEVER else Wayne MacVeagh may be in politics, he is not a coward, and therefore always has the courage to give unmistakable utterances to his convictions. His position is never doubtful or equivocal, but always positive and clearly defined. At a meeting of the Civil Service Reform Association of Philadelphia, of which he is President, held a week ago last night, says:

"A man does not change his political opinion after he is fifty years old. What Mr. Arthur was in the New York Custom House a few years ago President Arthur is to-day, a courteous, genial gentleman, ever ready with bland words. But he has practiced the boss rule in politics all his life, and will continue in that rut while he is President. Although in his letter accepting the nomination for Vice President he declared for civil service reform, he ignored this pledge when elected, and was engaged in most disreputable work for bossism when the shot was fired that made him President. It required the echo of an assassin's pistol to remind the boss rule in politics all his life, and will continue in that rut while he is President. Although in his letter accepting the nomination for Vice President he declared for civil service reform, he ignored this pledge when elected, and was engaged in most disreputable work for bossism when the shot was fired that made him President. I could have told in my sleeve had I been in the mood for amusement when I saw the delight certain good-hearted people extracted from President Arthur's soft words on civil service reform in his inaugural address. Our cause has had some severe blows, and from best expected sources. I will say that President Hayes did me the honor to consult me in the preparation of the civil service reform order, but listened to the words of evil advisers, and appointed dishonest men to positions of trust in reward for party work in Louisiana. The last days of his administration were worse than the first, for then we saw John Sherman using the Treasury Department to secure his nomination for Presidency in face of his civil service professions. As I see the Republican party of to-day, it has but three animating principles. The first is the spoils system, of which I don't approve; the second is bossism, which is also distasteful to me, and the third is the repudiation of the State debt of Virginia, which I like no better than the other. So you see I am a Republican under difficulties. My advice to the association is that its members make their influence felt by votes. In that way they will command attention, and their mandate will receive more respectful consideration than the one recently sent to the Executive Mansion."

OAK HALL'S CELEBRATION.—The twenty-first anniversary of Oak Hall—the place of business where John Wanamaker first started the enterprise out of which the Grand Depot and other branches have since grown—was celebrated yesterday by throwing the extensive buildings at Sixth and Market streets open to the public and giving the employees a holiday. From small beginnings the establishment—which still bears the old firm-name of Wanamaker & Brown, although Mr. Brown has been long since dead—has reached such proportions that the building, seven stories high in parts and nearly one hundred feet front by two hundred in depth, is crammed to hold the immense stock, which was inventoried yesterday at $610,000. Five thousand people are employed in and outside of the building, making garments for men and boys, a great majority of the goods being sent all over the United States. This is peculiar to Philadelphia, having been originated by Mr. Wanamaker, and the orders sent by mail are all from individuals, whole regiments sending their measures for uniforms and each man see paying for his own. One thousand uniforms are now being made for the employes of a Western railway company. R. G. Ogden, the general manager, received the visitors, who numbered many thousands. Over five hundred dozen, floated from the windows and roof, and flowering plants and the most elegant specimens of tropical foliage, such as Sago palms, were displayed on all the floors in great profusion. Every visitor was given a bouquet. In one of the large windows a group of imported merino sheep, with their lambs, were penned to illustrate the primary source from which is drawn the material most used by the establishment in manufacture. A few employes were at work in each department to illustrate the large plan upon which operations are conducted. The cutters cut one hundred garments at a time, that many pieces of thin material, laid one on top of the other, being severed at one clip of a long, sharp knife, working in a groove. When the material is heavy the number is less. The place in which the girls make shirts is a cheerful apartment, and somelike surroundings, and the custom tailoring department is fitted up like a parlor.—*Philadelphia Times, Sunday.*

A HORRIBLE SUICIDE.—John Richards, a miner, living in the outskirts of Mt. Carmel, Schuylkill county, with his wife and several children, drew his month's pay at the colliery a few days ago and immediately went on a spree. He remained away from his family, who are in poor circumstances, until Thursday night, when he visited the house, packed his trunk, and departed. Mrs. Richards became frantic over the action of her husband and next morning arose at an early hour and, without saying anything to her family, who were still in bed, saturated her clothing with coal oil and deliberately set fire to her clothing. In an unfrequented part of the neighborhood she deliberately set fire to her clothing. In an instant her body was enveloped in flames and the poor woman was soon burned to a crisp. It is believed that jealousy was the cause of the trouble. The terrible affair has created considerable excitement in Mt. Carmel and the surrounding neighborhood.

ANOTHER CHARLIE ROSS CASE.—Society circles in Washington city are deeply interested regarding the disappearance of a little 4-year-old son of a Mrs. Dickerson, who is visiting Representative Hubbell, of Michigan, at his residence in that city. The little fellow, with several companions, Friday afternoon was playing in front of the house, which is on Iowa Circle, in the northwestern part of the city, when he was decoyed away by a strange man and has not since been heard of. A man and a boy answering the description of the missing lad left Washington Saturday night on a south-bound train and, it is stated, got off at Brandy Station, Virginia, the scene of a lively skirmish during the late war. The detectives were acquainted with the facts of the abduction and stimulated by the promise of a reward of $3,000 are scouring in every direction for the fugitive and his prisoner.

LOOKING THROUGH A TELESCOPE.—Large crowds were observed last week gathered around a telescope man at the corner of Eighth and Market streets. Our reporter stopped to ascertain the cause of so much excitement, paid his five cents for a look, and discovered across the face of the moon, at which the "scope" was pointed, "Best thing for a cold—Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup." He thereupon concluded that Dr. Bull was a high old advertiser, and that Bull's Cough Syrup was the best thing out. Some one had stuck a strip with those words across the end of the glass.—*Philadelphia Times.*

A VARIED PERFORMANCE.

Many wonder how Parker's Ginger Tonic can perform such varied cures, thinking it essence of ginger, when in fact it is made from many valuable medicines which act beneficially on every diseased organ.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Never go from home or on a journey without a bottle of PERUNA in your satchel.

—For lame back, side, or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. At James' drug store.

—Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. At James' drug store.

—William Smith, a cripple, fell through a trestle-work bridge at Harrisburg on Friday night and was killed.

—At Shiremantown, Cumberland county, on Friday, a playful dog bit off the ear of Harry Walker, aged ten, and ate it.

—Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures consumption. At James' drug store.

—The hair of a Providence girl is so full of electricity that when she combs it the crackling is as loud as the snap of a whip.

—Three deaths from small-pox were reported at South Bethlehem on Saturday, making a total of nine-two deaths up to that time.

—Persons recovering from wasting diseases, such as malaria, fevers, etc., will be greatly benefitted by the use of Brown's Iron Bitters, a true tonic.

—A tenement house fire occurred in St. Louis on Friday, during which two colored women were burned to death. Several others were severely injured.

—William Beck, 12 years old, committed suicide on Wednesday of last week at Racine, Wis., because his father reprimanded him for staying out late the night before.

—Six or eight thousand working men in mass meeting at Philadelphia on Saturday night expressed indignation at the action of the President in vetoing the Chinese bill.

—Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness, and all symptoms of dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. At James' drug store.

—Daniel Transue was killed at the Parrish colliery at Wilkesbarre, Thursday, by falling down the shaft a distance of 170 feet. The deceased was formerly of Linwood, Kansas.

—The announcement that the King of Wurtemburg has been converted to Catholicism is officially denied, according to a Stuttgart despatch to the *St. James' Gazette*, London.

—Christian Born, a truck dealer, aged about 50 years, committed suicide on Friday at Lancaster, while drunk, by hanging himself. A Christian Born shouldn't do such a thing.

—George W. Drum, member of the Assembly from the Fourth district (Luzerne county), who had small-pox when a boy, is now suffering at his home, Conyngham, with varioloid.

—There were landed at Castle Garden, N. Y., on Tuesday last, 6,538 immigrants, an unprecedented number for one day. Two vessels brought quarantine late Tuesday afternoon had 2,500 more on board.

—John Massett, a farmer, living near Cambridge, Ohio, shot and mortally wounded his son, John E. Massett, on Wednesday of last week, and then committed suicide. They had quarrelled about some family matters.

—John Lennox Taylor murdered his wife in New York city on Monday night in the most brutal manner, inflicting nineteen wounds on her body, any one of which was fatal, then cutting her throat from ear to ear.

—Mrs. Alfa Boynton, mother of Dr. S. A. Boynton, one of President Garfield's physicians, and sister of Mrs. Garfield, the late President's mother, died suddenly at her home at Hiram, Ohio, aged seventy-five.

—A Mrs. Laloch, at Milwaukee, found her grandchild, named Gegel, eating a white powder a few days ago. She tasted it to see what it was, when it proved to be a patent rat poison, and both her and her grandchild died.

—Two negroes, Henry Day and Jim Asoff, accused of murdering an old man named Weisdinger, were taken from jail at Byron's Station, near Selma, Ala., on Friday last, by a party of masked men and summarily executed.

—Six dead bodies of negro infants were found on Saturday last in a shanty occupied by John White, a negro undertaker in Baltimore. They were almost entirely decomposed. He says he doesn't know how they got there.

—An explosion occurred in a colliery at Sunderland, Eng., on Tuesday last, and it was feared that twenty-three miners had perished. Later advices say that four bodies have been recovered and that fourteen are still missing.

—An announcement is made by Adam Forepaugh that it is his intention at the termination of his season in Philadelphia to present to the charitable institutions, whether secular or sectarian, the entire profits of all his exhibitions in that city.

—Hiram O. Alden, the oldest member of the Waldo bar, died at Belfast, Me., on Saturday, aged eighty-two. He, with Cyrus W. Field and others, in 1857 projected the Atlantic cable, and was for twenty years president of the Maine Telegraph company.

—An accident occurred at Pleasant ore banks, near Lossport, this State, Saturday evening, by which two men, John D. Fisher and Aaron F. Banks were killed, and George Risdiller and Thomas Noecker injured. They were excavating a bank, which caved in.

—D. J. Price, of Bayview, Wis., who was postmaster for some years and a member of the Legislature of 1881, tried to kill his wife on Saturday, and not being successful shot himself dead. The deed was done while he was drunk and was the effect of long dissipation.

—Mail advices from Kirbyville, Mo., in one of the southern counties of that State, say that a gang of horse stealing has been done in that section lately, and that a few ago three men, the ringleaders in the depradations, were hunted down and hanged by a party of citizens.

—The Minnesota *Farmer* tells of a case of trichinosis which recently occurred in Lyons county, Minn. Several persons ate some uncooked ham and four have since died from the disease. A piece of muscle cut from one of the victims was found to contain from 5,000 to 6,000 parasites to the square inch.

—The three year old boy, Freddie Lutz, one of the children of the family at Bridesburg, Philadelphia, that was sickened by eating diseased ham about ten days ago, died on Saturday morning. This is the second death from the same cause. But little hope is entertained that the others will survive.

—While a man was sitting in the crotch of a tree to cut off a limb, at Saginaw, Mich., the crotch split at the butt, letting him down into the opening and the closing on him. It took an hour of chopping and prying to get him out of the trap and several of his ribs were broken by the squeezing.

—Miss Jenkins, of Blue Creek, W. Va., fell dead on Monday of last week. After the funeral services, while friends were taking a last view of the body, signs of life were observed. The body was removed from the coffin and taken home, where indications of life, at latest accounts were still visible.

—A curious fact connected with the killing of Jesse James is that ex-Governor Burbank of Dakota, now postoffice inspector, received notice on Saturday that there were found among James' effects a $500 pin and a watch and chain taken from him in a stage robbed near Hot Springs, Ark., eight years ago.

—The Pascall House, Titusville, was burned on Friday morning, causing a loss of $105,000. The Hotel Brunswick and Watson's livery stable were damaged to considerable extent, and Alfred Hazard, a fireman, was fatally injured by falling from a wall. A colored cook is missing and supposed to have perished.

—The mother of Jesse James at first intended that her infamous son's body should be buried directly before the front door of her house in order that she might keep constant watch of the grave. For some reason this plan was changed and the grave was dug in a corner of the yard, about seventy feet from the house.

—Some Americans have settled on the island of Montosa, off the coast of Chiriqui, Peru, a spot of earth which has hitherto been considered uninhabitable. The settlers are an American named Hall, who has taken the island of Montosa for a cattle ranch, and has two or three men employed in clearing off the island, building, etc.

—A married couple of Leavenworth, after living together thirteen years, are asking for a divorce on the ground that they are uncle and niece, a relationship which they have only just discovered. There is no Kansas law against such a marriage, however, and they are not likely to get a legal separation, though they have already parted.

—When the Chicago, St. Paul and Omaha train from Chicago to St. Paul, Minn., reached a point near Baldwin, Wis., on Saturday, one of the lady passengers gave birth to three children, a boy and two girls. The mother was taken from the train at Baldwin, under charge of physicians who had been previously requested by telegraph to be in waiting.

—C. Howard, of Hayes City, the sheriff of Ellis county, Kan., arrived in Wilkesbarre on Saturday with a requisition from Governor St. John, of that State, and returned home on Monday with Charles Stackhouse, who is wanted in Hayes City to answer an indictment by the grand jury for being implicated in the murder of a farmer named Klipple, about three years ago.

—The Philadelphia *Record* thinks it possible that since Wayne MacVeagh has so cleverly defined the character of the modern Republican party it is probable that his enthusiastic adherents in Huntingdon county will withdraw from him their support for Governor in the next Republican State Convention. His speech has put him outside the pale of the most liberal element of the party.

—Oliver Morrell, 15 years of age, has been arrested for stealing letters from the Omaha post-office. He had access to the office by reason of his position as an employe of a morning newspaper, copies of which he mailed early in the day. He destroyed checks and drafts taken from letters amounting to over $30,000, and caused embarrassment to business men, who have lost large sums of money besides.

—The Reynoldsville *Paper* says there are in that town two brothers, by name of Farquahar, who are druggists. They each married sisters. They both live in one house. There wives were both born on the same day of the month—the 20th—two years apart. On the 20th of last month each of the wives gave birth to a boy. If any other community can furnish a similar chapter of coincidents, let them speak out.

—Frederick Miller, 21 years old, shot himself in the head in his brother's bakery at 248 Second street, New York, on Sunday evening, and it was thought he would die. He had been paying addresses to a young girl in Cannon street, and was extremely jealous of another young man. About three months ago he stabbed this young man at a ball. He escaped the police, and, venturing back on Sunday, found that his rival had supplanted him.

—A New Iberia (La.) dispatch of the 14th says: There was general destruction by the violent storm which came from the north-east on the night of the 12th instant. Houses were torn to pieces, and fences, provisions, forage, furniture, and everything previously saved from the floods were destroyed. Great distress prevails. Immediate relief is needed. In Iberia parish at least 1200 persons are left homeless and without means of support or shelter.

—On Friday Jonathan Altman, aged 88, suicided by taking poison at Kittanning, Pa. He had been taken from the jail to the depot, preparatory to his removal to the penitentiary, to which he had been sentenced for two years for arson. While waiting for the train the officer allowed him to go into the Bismarck House, where he got a glass of gin. After putting the liquor in a glass he took a small vial from his pocket, emptied the contents in the glass, drank it, threw the vial through a crack in the floor, went into the car and died within five minutes.

—A railroad war is in progress at Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county. The Pennsylvania road has ten miles of its track across the Baltimore and Ohio line and the latter applied for an injunction to restrain them from so doing. The Baltimore and Ohio have two hundred negroes at Broadford waiting for the breaking out of hostilities, while the Pennsylvania has a force of several hundred Irishmen waiting for orders. A sheriff's posse is on the ground and blood shed is feared. The hearing of the petition for an injunction is in progress.

—Special telegrams say the destruction on the lower bayou—Teche—by late storms is indescribable. The situation is appalling. One-fourth of the smaller buildings are down. Some were blown across the bayou and demolished on the opposite bank. A large residence, elegantly furnished, with occupants crying for help, floated down and the next morning were found against the bridge with the occupants asleep. Governor McEnery instructed the relief commissioners to apply for 200,000 rations additional to 200,000 appropriated Friday by Secretary Lincoln.

—Preston Gomers, a lumberman at Emeroina, Pa., obtained a sum of money on Sunday last and became very drunk. His brother-in-law, Clarence Lindsley, with whom he lived, came out from town on bad terms, endeavored to induce him to go home. But Gomers shot Lindsley, who fell dead. Gomers then went home, charged his wife of various crimes which were without foundation, and proceeded to beat her brutally. She attempted to escape from the house, when he shot her in the breast causing death soon after. Gomers then emptied two chambers of his revolver into his own head, and fell a corpse.

—Judge Ewing, of Columbia county, has decided that the constitutional "two months' residence in a district to qualify a voter means from a given day in one month to a day with a corresponding number in the second ensuing month. That is to say, that from December 16 to February 15, though more than sixty days, is not legally two months. If the decision of the same learned Court that "when a ballot does not contain the whole name, extrinsic evidence may be resorted to for the purpose of showing directly the intention of the voter or of rebutting a reasonable presumption in favor of the candidate whose name is incorrectly or only in part contained in the ballot" *e*—

—A special telegram to the Pittsburg *Dispatch* says that a case of insanity was made known at Coshocton, O., on Friday. Mrs. Stevenson, a most estimable lady, has become deranged and will have to be taken to the asylum. Some months ago her husband died very suddenly, and this event so shocked her that she has been somewhat deranged ever since. On last Monday her son, Amos, was arrested in Detroit on the charge of the murder of Mrs. Minnie Bayard, of Frazeysburg, by poisoning, on January 16 last, and when the news of the arrest reached Mrs. Stevenson she completely broke down, and has now become hopelessly insane.

A RELIABLE WINE.—Mr. A. Speer, of New Jersey, whose Port Grape Wine has such a wide reputation, and which physicians prescribe so generally, was the first in this country to introduce the art of making wine from the Port Wine Grape, which is now the best wine for the sick, and has become a great favorite among the most prominent physicians of New York and Philadelphia, who have visited the vineyards and wine cellars at Passaic. Females and aged persons are benefitted by it. For sale at James' drug store, Ebensburg. [4-14.-2t.]

A VIRGINIA SNOW SLIDE.—An avalanche of snow in Virginia is certainly a novelty, but such an occurrence took place there in reality, and with fatal and destructive results, at a place called Genoa. A building which stood nearest the mountain, was occupied by Indians driven from their wigwams by the severity of the storm. As near as can be ascertained, but seven were in the house at the time of the catastrophe. No trace of the building can be recognized, and as yet no search has been made for its occupants. Next came the residence and barn of Mineral Bowers, which was completely crushed to pieces and carried into the adjoining lot of W. D. Virgin. Mineral and wife were found still in bed, on top of the debris, both dead. Two German relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Bowers had arrived on the evening previous from the east, and were sleeping in the house that night. One of them escaped unhurt, and the other, who dug his way out from beneath the trunk of a tree, had a broken shoulder and some other injuries. The residences of D. W. Virgin, W. D. Gray and H. Boerlin were on the next street below that of Bowers. Boerlin's house was completely demolished. The occupants were Mr. and Mrs. Boerlin, their two children, and Mr. Chrisholm and wife. All were buried in the ruins but Mr. Boerlin, and Mr. and Mrs. Chrisholm made their escape unhurt. After some search Mrs. Boerlin was found some distance from the original locality of the bed, nearly suffocated, and still holding the dead body of her little girl, Pollina, in her arms. The boy was found in still another part of the wreck, alive and unhurt. The amount of damage has not been ascertained, but it is considerable, and falls with heavy weight on people little able to bear it.

OUR PROGRESS.

As stages are quickly abandoned with the completion of railroads, so the huge, drastic cathartic pills, composed of crude and bulky medicines, are quickly abandoned with the introduction of Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets," which are sugar coated, and little larger than mustard seeds, but composed of highly concentrated vegetable extracts. By druggists.

FIGHTING FEMININES.—A desperate conflict took place at Reading on Friday night on the public streets, between two girls named Miss Wickel and Miss Ready, which resulted in injuries to Miss Wickel that may cause her to lose her speech entirely. The injured girl was found lying on a porch senseless, and Dr. Ege, who was called, had her carried home. She was terribly beaten and kicked about the face. She cannot give any account of her misfortune, but several young men state that Miss Ready was accused of speaking harshly of Miss Wickel, and when both were returning from an entertainment, Miss Wickel demanded satisfaction. Both girls were with male escorts, who say they were unable to prevent a fight, in which, when Miss Wickel was worsted, she walked away. Then she determined to renew hostilities, and again attacked Miss Ready. A terrible struggle followed, and Miss Ready, it is said, knocked Miss Wickel down, stamped her face and neck with her heels, and otherwise injured her to such an extent that she became unconscious. Miss Ready is to be prosecuted against. The physician found the injured girl lying on a porch, bleeding and unconscious. Her age is 16.

COLORLESS AND COLD.—A young girl deeply regretted that she was so colorless and cold. Her face was too white, and her hands and feet felt as though the blood did not circulate. After one bottle of Hop Bitters had been taken she was the rosiest and healthiest girl in town, with a vivacity and cheerfulness of mind gratifying to her friends.

AN ELOQUENT PLEA FOR THE RIGHT.

SPEECH OF HON. DANIEL VOORHEES ON THE IMPRISONMENT OF IRISH-AMERICAN CITIZENS.

In the U. S. Senate, on Friday last, Mr. Voorhees, of Indi

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - APRIL 21, 1882.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There and the Other Place.

—That hacking cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it.

—There is hardly a disease considered incurable that could not be cured with PE RU-VA.

—Sleepless nights made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. At James' drug store.

—Will you suffer with dyspepsia and liver complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. At James' drug store.

—The latest styles of hats in wool (felt), for fall straw that Altoona can boast of have just been received by S. Sprankle & Son.

—Mr. John Duman and Miss Mary Hufnagle, both of Barr township, were married at the Catholic church in St. Nicholas on Tuesday last.

—In countries where malaria is prevalent, or where the climate is subject to sudden changes—should be found in every house Brown's Iron Bitters.

—Catarrh cured, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. At James' drug store, Ebensburg.

—A man with six half-grown foxes on a string was a sight to be seen on our streets last Monday. They were dead, and he wanted to sell the pelts.

—A quantity of draw slate fell on Michl McGarty, a miner in the employ of the Standard Coal Co., Lilly's Station, a few days ago, and broke one of his legs.

—This time twenty-one years ago the country was all agog about raising volunteers for three months' service in a war which lasted four years almost to a day.

—Mr W. G. Davis and bride, a notice of whose wedding is published in another column, left Johnstown for Pueblo, Col., their future home, the early part of this week.

—Charles Wolf, son of Mr. A. J. Wolf, of Hollidaysburg, was pretty seriously injured on Sunday afternoon by being thrown from a horse on the plank road near that place.

—We are glad to learn that Mr. Ed. Dougherty, of this place, is much better than he has been for several weeks past, and that the probabilities now are that he will soon be himself again.

—Samuel Paul was arrested the other day and will be called on in the new Court House next June to answer the charge of stealing hides from Rosensteel's tannery, in Woodvale borough.

—Mr. Julius Weil, a well known merchant of Hollidaysburg, was in town the early part of this week, and the object of his visits is so well understood that Weil and wool have become synonymous terms.

—Albert A. Peters has been arrested at Lewistown on a charge of *fornix et cet.* preferred against him by a young woman living in Johnstown. He gave bail for his appearance at Court to answer.

—Ebensburg probably never had better material than now for a base ball club, and yet we don't know that we would be at all justified in suggesting the propriety of getting up such an organization.

—Our Hollidaysburg neighbors will vote for and against a new school building tomorrow (Saturday). Theayes ought to win, for if we mistake not we were a boy when the present school house was erected.

—We are more or less subject to coughs and colds at this season. If you should be afflicted with either remember that Sines' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Hoarhound is the quickest and most effectual cure.

—Chas. E. Pugh, Esq., Gen'l Sup't P. R. R., Altoona, will sail for Europe to-morrow, with the intention of making a four months' tour of the continent. A pleasant experience and safe return we earnestly wish him.

—Mr. Christopher Perdue, an old man employed at the lower P. R. R. shops, Altoona, tripped and fell on a Chestnut avenue pavement, in that city, a few days ago, and received injuries of a very serious if not fatal character.

—Francis Bunk, an old German shoemaker who had been a resident of Hollidaysburg for fully half a lifetime, recently died in Germany, whither he returned some three or four years ago. We presume his age was about eighty years.

—Wheat and Graham bread, breakfast rolls, dried cakes, spice cakes, sugar cakes, ginger cakes, ginger bread, fruit cake, apple pies, cream custard pies, and prune pies, are among the many good things you can buy at the "Sugar Bowl."

—Fully one-third of the ancient village of New Alexandria, Westmoreland county, was wiped out of existence on Monday last by a fire which raged for about eight hours. The loss is estimated at $25,000, and the insurance at scarcely anything.

—The Altoona *Tribune* says that a young female stranger came to Alderman Blake's "house" on last Saturday night. Perhaps he had his stocking hanging up, and again perhaps Santa Claus would be about the right name for the new comer.

—Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., is rapidly acquiring an enviable reputation for the surprising cures which daily result from the use of her Vegetable Compound in all female diseases. Send for her pamphlets.

—If you are looking around for somebody to congratulate, we advise you to try your hand on Dr. Griffith. It is a boy, the first born, and mother and child are both getting along splendidly. Long life to the little one, as well as to his worthy progenitors.

—A collision between two freight trains near Wilmore, this county, at a late hour on Sunday night, resulted in the wrecking of a number of cars and the upsetting of engine No. 763, which turned over and fell into the river. Fortunately no one was injured.

—The large and elegant brick building and valuable lot of ground known as the "Piper property" and located at the head of Centre street, Ebensburg borough, are offered for sale at a big bargain. Call on or address J. Ross Piper, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

—Rev. J. G. Thomas, pastor of the Congregational churches north and south of Ebensburg, removed with his family early last week to Newark, Ohio, whither he was followed by the good wishes of hosts of friends in this vicinity who admire him for his earnestness, energy and eloquence, as well as his fine social qualities.

—Philip, youngest son of Mr. P. M. Wolfe, formerly of Wilmore, now of Fort Scott, Kansas, was, as we learn from the Johnstown *Tribune*, killed on the railroad between Kansas City and Fort Scott on Tuesday last. "Philip," as he was familiarly called, was a brakeman, aged about twenty years, and was unmarried.

—Those who had the pleasure of witnessing the aurora borealis, or Northern Lights, between 12 and 1 o'clock on last Monday morning say that it was the most magnificent sight they ever beheld. During most of the time of its continuance a paper could easily be read, so brilliant was the light furnished by this wonderful phenomena.

—Snow Flake and White River flour, the best brands you can find; groceries fresh and of the most desirable kind; dry goods and dress goods, such as most people buy; hats and caps of the best; a good supply; boots and shoes in profusion, and a great many things more, are what can be bought as cheap as can be at John Owens' store.

—A little child of Mrs. Augusta Polzem, one of a large party of emigrants who passed west over the P. R. R. on Friday last, died in its mother's arms while crossing the mountain between Altoona and Johnstown. The child had been vaccinated on shipboard while teething, and these two combined caused cramps which resulted in death.

—Among the postmasters appointed by the President that he at Washington during the week ending on Saturday last we note the following as within the scope of this local work: J. C. Hoover, Lloydsville, Cambria county; H. Likens, Newry, Blair county; Jas. H. McKendrick, Georgeville, Indiana county.

—Aleck Foster, of the Cambria House, this place, son of Mrs. Foster, the proprietress, has accepted a position as a clerk in the store of his brother-in-law, Mr. John Neubauer, of Erie, this State. Aleck's new location will take him into the feed and produce business, in which we hope he will prosper.

—S. Sprankle & Son, Altoona, invite the attention of their Cambria county friends and all others to the large stock and great variety of gent's furnishing goods, hats and caps for Spring wear, trunks, valises, etc., which they have this week opened and are now offering at rock-bottom prices. We can give bargains to buyers in every department, as they, which no one should doubt for a moment.

—The largest new stock of men's fine dress and business suits, as well as clothing of all kind for boys and children, that has been opened in Altoona this Spring, has just been received by S. Sprankle & Son, whose store is now filled to overflowing with the latest styles and most desirable suits for the season. Call early and secure the best bargains in clothing that Altoona can furnish.

—Mrs. Sarah Morrow, who has long been in feeble health from cancer of the stomach, died at her residence in the West Ward on Monday last. The deceased was twenty-eight years of age and leaves behind her two young children, both girls. She was a daughter of the late David James, of this place, and died suddenly four or five years ago in Pittsburgh, while returning home from a visit to Ohio. Mrs. M. was highly esteemed by all who knew her.

—"Hallos, Sam, where have you been and what are you loaded with?" "I have been to the 'Sugar Bowl,' in Ebensburg, and have a load of groceries, and a fair sprinkling of five and ten cent articles. Say, Bill, you ought to go there and see the grand display of new and cheap goods.

—An elegant stock of gent's furnishing goods, such as neckties, cravats, underwear, white shirts, socks, gloves, suspenders, etc., can be found at the Variety Store of C. T. Roberts. Also, hats, caps, shoes, wall paper, and in fact nearly everything needed by the human family. These goods are all new and of the very best quality, and will positively be sold at the most moderate prices.

—The banquet at the dedication of the new Court House will be given in the main room of the *old* building, the intention being to provide the necessary space by removing a couple of intervening partitions. It is thought that at least one hundred guests will be present, and ample provision will be made for that number. Kemp, of the Belmont, will furnish the edibles and etceteras.

—Mr. Thomas Quigley, at one time employed as assistant train-master in the railroad yard at Altoona, was crushed to death at Los Vegas, New Mexico, on Friday last, by an engine upon which he was riding and which jumped the track and went over an embankment, carrying him with it. The deceased was married to a lady from Lewistown, this State, who with one child is left to mourn his shocking death.

—On the same night (last Friday) that Mr. Jacob Zern, of Carroll township, was robbed of fifty bushels of oats and a few bushels of wheat, the smoke-house of Mr. Peter Beck, in Barr township, was despoiled of a quantity of meat, but just how much our informant was unable to tell. As the theives, who got away with Mr. Zern's grain passed through Barr township, it may be that they gobbled up Mr. Beck's meat on the way.

—If the Tide-Water Pipe Company has filed a paper in the Recorder's office of this county asking for permission to lay its pipes for transporting oil to the sea-shore through the townships of Chest, White, Susquehanna and Cheariield," as the Johnstown *Tribune* several days ago said it had done, its line through the county will be as crooked as Thaddeus Stevens' Gettysburg railroad, which was said to begin in the woods and end nowhere.

—Messrs. Shenk and Marks, contractor and foreman respectively of the Court House which is now called new, left town on Wednesday morning's train for a point where it is supposed they will secure another contract for the erection of something to expand their energies and display their mechanical abilities during the coming summer. Mr. Marks' family are still here, and will remain for some time to come. Mr. Shenk's home is in Erie.

—For a man of his attitude—say five feet five or six inches—Dr. Richards, Ebensburg's new dentist, is said to have a heap of "get up" in him. At least he is credited with the ability to elevate both of his feet at the same time and kick a hat from the hand of a man standing on a chair and holding it as high as he can reach. If this is a true bill, and we have no reason to doubt it, it is a feat of the feet that not one man in a hundred has the agility to successfully accomplish.

—We are in receipt of a somewhat elaborate and well written tribute to the memory of the late Casper W. Easly, Esq., written by our friend C. S. Clark, formerly of this place, but for years past a resident of Council Bluffs, Iowa, where he fills with acknowledged ability the position of city editor of the *Daily Nonpariel*. The length of the article and the somewhat crowded condition of our columns has, however, prevented its publication in the present issue of the FREEMAN, and as a matter of necessity it goes over until next week.

—Mr. Thomas Jones, father of Griffith J. Jones, of Cambria township, died a few days ago at the residence of his daughter in Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio, where he had been living for a number of years past, aged about seventy years. The deceased was probably the last survivor of the immortal few who settled at Beulah, the long deserted village a couple of miles west of this place, and attempted to outcontrol Ebensburg in the effort to secure the county seat. He was an honest, upright citizen and an earnest Christian. Peace to his ashes.

—A correspondent of the Clearfield *Republican* informs that paper that two men named John Grant and Hugh Swift were drowned in Bennett's Branch, a short distance east of Bene-Zette, on Thursday afternoon, April 6th, while engaged in driving logs. The unfortunate men were on a jam of logs below the big dam when the sudsh was let off, and by some means they fell between the logs and perished. Their bodies had not at last accounts been recovered, although scores of their fellow drivers were dragging the creek constantly in search of them.

—Mrs. Samuel Henry, who was living seriously ill for several weeks in Louisville, Ky., and more recently at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh, has been sufficiently restored to health to return to the home of her mother in this place, which she did one day last week. She is of course still suffering to some extent, but there is every reason to believe that under the kind and watchful care of her good mother she will soon be restored to perfect health, and that is a blessing which her friends and the friends of the family will be glad to see her once more enjoy.

—Mr. Casper Dimond, one of Creole township's best known citizens, died on Saturday last, in the seventy-eighth year of his age. He was twice married, but the last Mrs. survives him. He was a resident of Creole township for more than thirty years. His character as an honest, upright man and a good and useful citizen was beyond question or reproach. He was the father of quite a large family, two of his sons being largely engaged in the coal business at North Fork, in Creole township, on the line of the P. R. R. The remains were buried in the Catholic cemetery at Wilmore on Monday. May his soul rest in peace.

—Some two or three years ago Mr. Martin Ward, of this place, purchased seven acres of land belonging to the estate of Peter L. Linton, deceased, and lying a short distance west of Ebensburg, for which he paid the comparatively insignificant sum of ninety dollars. This land he retained until Tuesday of this week, meantime realizing on his investment not less than fifty per cent. per annum by the cultivation of the land, when he sold it to County Treasurer Kennedy for four hundred dollars, one-fourth in hand and the balance in six months. Not a bad speculation that.

—Our old-time Democratic friend Joseph Story, formerly of East Conemaugh, but of late years a resident of Altoona, where he is engaged in the livery business, mourns the loss of a black mare which he recently got in a trade with a horse dealer from Indiana borough, and which on Sunday last was seen going by the Buckhorn tavern, on the east side of the mountain, evidently intent on returning to her old home. Said mare is a pacer and is afflicted with distemper. If anybody knows anything of her whereabouts Mr. Story will not only be glad to hear their story, but will reward them for their trouble.

—We are reliably informed that an episode occurred in one of the public schools of this city which to say the least is unusual. A scholar who was pronounced unruly by the teacher was called up to be reprimanded, when, without warning, the recalcitrant youth, who is a well-grown boy, struck the teacher, who is a lady, in the face. If all this be so, then some condign punishment would seem to be demanded for the young scamp, who ought to be taught at home that measure of obedience which by all the requirements of society is demanded elsewhere. A lesson of the sort would run all round the neighborhood.

—Our new Burgess, Mr. C. T. Roberts, had his first case on Tuesday morning, and a lad named John Leighty was the sufferer. It seems that young Leighty threw an apple which struck and broke a large pane of glass in one of the show windows at Mr. Ed. Griffith's new grocery store, and a prosecution followed. The offending youth was arrested by Constable Evans, and after a hearing before the Burgess was mulcted in the sum of five dollars, three of which were to pay damages, one to wipe out the fine and the other to liquidate the costs. Ball tossers in the public streets will do well to make a note of this case and its outcome.

—Mr. Tom L. McNamara, or more properly speaking, perhaps, his energetic wife, of this place, will assume the management of a new hotel in the thriving town of Curwensville, Clearfield county. It is said to be an elegant structure, as well as a large one, and will be newly furnished throughout. No liquor will be sold on the premises. "Doc" Thompson, renowned as a successful hotel manager and clerk, will assume the duties of business director. While we are sorry indeed to lose Tom and his worthy family from amongst us, we feel sure they cannot but prosper in their new location. As to "Doc," wherever he goes the good wishes of everybody here will accompany him.

—Still another aspirant for Sheriff on the Democratic ticket looms up this week, making three in all who have thus far avowed their intention to take the chances for that office and abide by the result of the coming primary election. The candidate in this instance, Mr. Joseph F. Durbin, of Allegheny township, like his two competitors, is a gentleman whose personal and political integrity cannot be questioned, and as he is well and widely known and has many earnest and influential friends in the party, it is fair to presume that he will make a gallant fight. History not unfrequently repeats itself in a much more unfortunate way than would be the election of another Sheriff of the name of Durbin in Cambria county.

—The wife of Wm. K. Buckingham, Esq., editor of the Bedford *Inquirer*, died very suddenly on Wednesday of last week, aged 29 years. She had been in delicate health for several weeks, but there was no apparent cause for apprehension. We sincerely sympathize with Brother Buckingham in the loss of his excellent wife, who is said to have been a most amiable and devoted helpmate, as well as a fond, loving and exemplary mother to the four children who, with her sadly bereaved husband, have been called upon to mourn the loss of their best earthly friend. May God comfort and console our worthy friend and his motherless children in the sad affliction which has so suddenly and unexpectedly come upon them.

—A letter from our worthy friend S. J. Humphreys, received a few days ago, brings the gratifying intelligence that he has secured a situation with Messrs. Hussey, Howe & Co., manufacturers of crucible steel, Pittsburgh, Pa., and as a consequence has resigned the position he so long and acceptably filled at the Seventh Avenue Hotel, in that city. Sam's new "posish" pays him almost double the salary he was receiving from his late employer, Col. Unger, and will, should be the less pleasant to hear, it places him in the line of promotion to something better. Being in every way trustworthy and well deserving of fortune's favors, his hosts of friends in this place will be glad to learn of Sam's present prosperity and his still better prospects for the future.

—Louis M. Wonder, a somewhat eccentric Frenchman who had been employed as a machinist in the railroad shops at Altoona, was found dead in his bed at the Red Lion hotel, that city, on last Thursday morning, of what is believed to have been pulmonary apoplexy of the lungs. Wonder had a good deal of money and a number of valuable articles were discovered in his room after death, and these were deposited in bank to await the appointment of an administrator. The deceased was the father of six children, one of whom resides in the west and the other five in Baltimore, to which city his remains were taken for interment by one of his sons, who came on for that purpose. His wife married again several years ago and is now living in the west.

—Our enterprising young friend and patron, Mr. J. B. Sweeny, who recently returned from East Brady, Armstrong county, and established himself in the marble manufacturing business at Loretto, desires us to say that he is fully prepared to execute all work in his line at the very lowest living prices and in the most artistic and satisfactory manner. Mr. Sweeny is a Cambrian by birth and is so well known throughout the county that he needs no introduction from us, though we trust that this brief reference to himself and his new venture at his old home may result in commending him to the patronage of all who need tombstones, monuments, mantels, etc., as we have no doubt he has the ability, as we know he has the desire, to please his customers by furnishing them with the best of work at the most moderate prices.

—Sylvester L. Stiffler, a railroad brakeman, was killed at Lilly's station, this county, on last Monday morning. Between eight and nine o'clock on said morning the coal train on which he was employed was being shifted, and Stiffler, standing on the bumper of a car, pulled the pin and allowed a portion of the train to run in on the siding. After the train had parted he from some cause not accounted for fell from and directly in front of the car upon which he was standing. The forward truck of the car passed over him without the wheels injuring him, except on the right hand, but the brake-rigging struck him on the face, head and sides, inflicting injuries which caused his death in about one hour. He was 36 years old and lived in Duncansville, Blair county, where he leaves a wife and four young children to mourn the sad and shocking death of the husband and father.

—A man named David Finnigan was arrested in Bedford county on Wednesday of last week by officer Harris, of Johnstown, and brought to that place on a well-grounded suspicion that he is the party who participated in a couple or three weeks ago to outrage the person of Mrs. Arthur, of Conemaugh township, an account of which appeared in our columns at the time. Mr. Arthur was present at the office of Justice Strayer when Finnigan was given a hearing, and although she could not positively identify him she said she believed he was her assailant. The three little girls, however, who from a short distance witnessed the assault on Mrs. Arthur, were positive in the declaration that Finnigan was the man. The case looks somewhat bad for him, but it will be for a jury to determine his guilt or innocence. Meantime he will remain a prisoner at Castle Griffith, in this place, whither he was brought in the noon train on Friday last.

—It is a long time since the clothing interests of Altoona were represented in the columns of the FREEMAN, and it is therefore with more than ordinary pleasure that we direct the attention of our readers to the well displayed advertisement of the Golden Eagle Clothing House, 1301 Eleventh avenue, which appears for the first time to-day. We have no hesitation in believing that Mr. March can and will sell the very best wearing apparel, as the Rochester clothing is admitted by everybody to be, as well as hats, caps and furnishing goods of superior quality, at the very lowest prices, and we therefore advise all our friends who go to Altoona for the purpose of investing in a new and seasonable outfit, to march into the Golden Eagle establishment, and see what Mr. March can *do* for them. Tell him, too, that you read his advertisement in the FREEMAN, and by that means you will help us and at the same time secure an extra good bargain for yourself. Try it and you will be sure to gain by it.

CONSUMPTION CURE.

DR. R. V. PIERCE: *Dear Sir*—Death was hourly expected by myself and friends. My physician pronounced my disease consumption, and said I must die. I began taking your "Discovery" and "Pellets." I have used nine bottles and am wonderfully relieved. I am now able to ride out.

ELIZABETH THORNTON, Montongo, Ark.

CAMBRIA'S NEW TEMPLE OF JUSTICE.—The new Court House, work on which was begun nearly two years ago, was turned over to the County Commissioners by Mr. Henry Shenk, the contractor, on Monday of this week. From foundation to steeple it seems to be the perfection of mechanical art, though Mr. Beebe, the architect, has not yet passed final judgment upon it. The following notice of the latter gentleman to have been here on Saturday, but other engagements will keep him away until the 27th instant. Pending his verdict the bond of Mr. Shenk to make good any deviations from the plans and specifications furnished by him remains binding, and will be until the completion of the building, which was illuminated for the first time on Tuesday night. The fluid is manufactured from gasoline, on the premises, and if all the jets were not lighted, yet enough artificial daylight was evolved to satisfactorily demonstrate that the days of kerosene are gone so far as the new Temple of Justice is concerned. A large number of our citizens, many of them accompanied by ladies, visited the building during the evening, this being the first time it was thrown open to the scrutiny of the promiscuous multitude. Our townsmen, Messrs. John W. Roberts and Abe Hitchcock, the former of whom has been identified with the work from its inception in capacity or another ever since its inception, and the latter for the most of the time as a carpenter, have been awarded the contract for sweeping, scrubbing and otherwise cleaning the interior of the entire concern, which work, when completed, will add still more to the magnificent effect of all its appointments. Their contract price for the work is $75. As regards the clock it may be said that it keeps good time, and will continue so to do, Mr. Carl Rivinius, practical clock and watchmaker, having been appointed its sole and constant guardian and repairer. It is supposed by many persons that the Temple is complete. When it comes to its dedication we shall lay before our readers a full and detailed description of the new Court House, viewing it from both outside and inside. In the meantime, we pronounce it an honor to the county, a credit to the contractor, architect and all others who had a hand in its construction, and a thing of beauty which will be a joy forever.

CATARRH.

Relief in five minutes in every case; gratifying, wholesome relief beyond a money value. Cure begins from first application, and is rapid, radical and permanent. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure. Complete for $1.

A LITTLE DAUGHTER of Mr. John Hoover, aged some two and a half years, was so shockingly scalded on last Tuesday forenoon, at the residence of her grandparents on the West Ward, that she died about eight o'clock on the following morning. The accident was caused by some of the older children fastening a string or something of that kind to the wash-boiler on the stove and by a sudden jerk upsetting it in such a way as to spill some of the boiling water it contained on the little unfortunate, the lower portion of whose abdomen, as well as her lower limbs, were scalded in a fearful manner. Dr. Kennedy was called in and did all possible to save the life of the little victim, but his efforts were in vain.

ELEGANCE AND PURITY.

Ladies who appreciate elegance and purity are using Parker's Hair Balsam. It is the best article sold for restoring gray hair to its original color, beauty and lustre.

A DARING ROBBERY.

TWO BOLD THIEVES HELP THEMSELVES TO A FARMER'S PRODUCE AT THE DEAD HOUR OF NIGHT.

One of the boldest pieces of villainy that has been attempted in this county for many a day was perpetrated in Carroll township on Friday night of last week. We have not been able to glean the full particulars in regard to the matter, but from what we have learned it appears that a couple of adroit thieves drove to the barn of Mr. Jacob Zern, an old and well known farmer residing in the township above named, between the hours of ten and eleven o'clock on the night indicated, and very coolly and deliberately proceeded to load their wagon with such produce as they could find lying around loose. There is no telling just how much grain they would have got away with had not a son of Mr. Zern, who was somewhat belated in getting home, appeared upon the scene about the time the two cheeky scamps had succeeded in stowing some fifty bushels of oats and about five to ten bushels of wheat in their wagon. Of course the unlooked for appearance of young Zern at that particular moment greatly disconcerted the plans of the bold robbers, and fearing that speedy detection would overtake them, it is said that one of the party suggested the propriety of dispensing of the unwelcome intruder by shooting him on the spot. Be that as it may, nothing of the kind was attempted, and as soon as Mr. Zern entered the house, where he aroused his father and the other inmates as speedily as possible, the midnight marauders got in their wagon and drove off at a rapid rate in the direction of Carrolltown. Mr. Zern and one or two of his sons meantime mounting their horses without any unnecessary delay and starting in hot haste after the thieves. The latter, however, very cunningly circumvented their pursuers by tearing down a portion of the fence and driving into a field by the roadside, where they remained as quiet as mice until the party in pursuit, who were unable to see them owing to the darkness of the night, had ridden by and proceeded a considerable distance beyond their place of concealment, when they again ventured into the road and turning their horse's head in an opposite direction drove toward Nicktown, in Barr township, where they were finally overhauled an hour or two after by Mr. Zern and his party, who were not long in discovering the trick the wily rascals had played upon them, and of course retraced their steps and continued the pursuit with all possible haste. The result was, as already stated, that the two thieves were overhauled at Nicktown, but as the overhauling didn't stop or otherwise discommode them in the least, we regret to say that Mr. Zern and his sons had nothing for their long ride but the healthful and invigorating exercise of which such expeditions are always productive. True it is that a demand was made upon the fleeing fugitives to stop and deliver up the stolen property, but as those who made it don't seem to have had the necessary weapons to back up their brave words, and as it is possible that the party of the second part were better prepared for such an emergency, or at least that Mr. Zern and his sons were afraid that they had shooting irons with them, it is not to be wondered at that the demand made was treated with silent contempt by those to whom it was addressed. For the same reason, we presume—that is, fear of bodily harm—the owners of the stolen property doubtless refrained from making any effort to arouse the people of Nicktown, who being asleep were of course entirely unconscious of what was transpiring at the time in their midst, and the result was that the two daring thieves drove on with their booty in the direction of Indiana county, while Mr. Zern and his two sons returned home sadder and steepier if not wiser and wealthier men than when they started on their fruitless expedition.

P. S.—Since the above was in type we learn that Mr. Zern was the only one who kept track of the thieves in their various wanderings and successful effort to get away with their booty, and that he attempted to waken up Squire Leib, of Nicktown, and would have succeeded in doing so and perhaps recovered his property had he persisted a little longer in thumping and yelling at the Squire's door, as it is said he had to have a pretty good idea as to who the thieves are, and it is to be hoped that he will have no trouble in bringing them to justice.

FIFTY YEARS OF MARRIED LIFE.

THE GOLDEN WEDDING OF AN OLD-TIME EBENSBURGER.

In 1857, forty-five years ago, Mr. James Fenlon kept the hotel in this place now known as Mrs. P. Peters's "Cambria House." Five years prior to that time, or in 1852, he was married in Pittsburgh and immediately embarked in the mercantile business in Munster, on the turnpike, four miles east of this place. The construction of the old Portage Rail Road, which ran along the foot of the mountain about three miles south of Munster, was then in progress, and after the road was finished Mr. F. removed to this place, in 1856 we think, and commenced keeping the hotel above mentioned, and also brought his store here. He removed from here to the Summit about 1859, where he continued mercantile business. We are unable to state how long he remained there, but he subsequently turned his attention to railroad building, and constructed a considerable portion of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and duisied the last eighty miles of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad. After he quit the railroad business he settled in the outskirts of Latrobe, where he resided for a considerable length of time, and several years ago moved to Independence, in the Western part of Missouri, where he still resides. After leaving this county he revisited it on several occasions and always met with a cordial and hearty welcome, for when he lived here no man was more widely known throughout the county or more universally respected than Squire Fenlon. On Tuesday last he celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage on Monday of last week, at a cottage near the Colleges of St. Mary's and Notre Dame in the State of Indiana, where several of their grand-children are being educated, among them being the twin boys of their son, Thos. P. Fenlon, Esq., of Leavenworth, Kansas, both of whom went to school here for a considerable time, and left late last fall. The following account of the happy and interesting event is taken from the South Bend, Ind., *Times* of April 11th:

"James Fenlon and Mary Lanteegan were married at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, April 1852, and yesterday the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage was celebrated by a golden wedding of the most unique character. The name of Mr. James Fenlon's name is connected honorably and inseparably with the great system of public works of our common country, and the Notre Dame general of their grandchildren are being educated. The gathering at the cottage was a merry one, the children and grandchildren with other friends and relatives forming a happy coming and making the event an occasion that will be a green spot in the memory of the aged pair. Many handsome and valuable presents were received and numerous telegrams came in over the wires from every section of the country. At the assembly were gathered Thomas E. Fenlon, long a prominent lawyer and Democratic politician of Kansas and a probable candidate of his party for Governor of that State; Joseph P. Fenlon, who is extensively engaged in handling and breeding fine bred cattle in the same State; Mrs. Alice Blaine's daughter, whose husband is a paymaster in the United States army and brother of ex-Secretary of State James G. Blaine, from the mountains of Montana. She was accompanied by her children, while in person of business kept Edward, who is a Government contractor at Tucson, who is deeply interested in western mining interests, from mingling with the happy company which gathered at the cottage to congratulate Mr. and Mrs. Fenlon on their golden wedding. Besides their children, ten grandchildren and a large number of other relatives were present."

The "Golden Bloom of Youth" may be retained by using Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," a specific for "female complaints." By druggists.

WE SHOULD have noted ere this the retirement from the ranks of journalism of Major R. H. Forster, one of the editors of the Re'e-Conte *Democrat*, who has been succeeded by Mr. J. R. Van Orsdel, a young man said to possess more than ordinary ability as a newspaper writer. The other partner, Mr. Shugert, retains his interest in the paper, but what our friend the Major, than whom we have never met a more sociable or courteous gentleman, intends to turn his attention to is more than we can say, though we hope that health and prosperity may abide with him for all time to come.

LIVE AND LEARN!—It is estimated that there are over two thousand million chickens hatceed in the United States every year. But not more than half of these chicks reach the size when they are fit to market. The pip, gapes, cholera, etc., kill millions of young chickens every year. These diseases can be cured by the use of Phenol Sodique. For sale by druggists and general storekeepers. See advertisement.

ALWAYS REFRESHING.

A delicious odor is imparted by Floreston Cologne which is always refreshing, no matter how freely used.

WHEN YOU DO YOUR SPRING SHOPPING

If you come in person,

The trains from the different branches of the Pennsylvania Railroad come to the new Broad Street Station, which is within one block of our store; you walk directly through the new City Hall to our Market Street front. If you come by Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, any horse car on Thirteenth Street will bring you directly from the Callowhill Street Depot to our door. If you come through Camden, N. J., any horse car on Market Street, except the red ones, will bring you direct. We have provided new and spacious reading and toilet rooms for the free use of visitors.

If you order by letter,

Departments of goods have been so enlarged and improved that our stock, unquestionably the most comprehensive in the United States, is better than ever. We send without charge, or any obligation to purchase, samples of the new Dress Goods, Silks, etc. We give prices of our entire stock in our new Catalogue for Spring and Summer, which is mailed free to all who send us address on postal card. Hundreds of orders are filled daily, and goods sent by mail and express to every State and Territory, with full privilege of return and refund of money if they do not suit.

John Wanamaker,

PHILADELPHIA.

Chestnut, Market and Thirteenth Streets, and Grand Hall Square. Dry Goods, Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Wear and Housekeeping Appointments.

$12,000 WORTH

OF THE CELEBRATED

ROCHESTER CLOTHING!

WHICH DEFIES COMPETITION IN

QUALITY, MAKE AND PRICE,

HAS JUST BEEN RECEIVED AT THE

Golden Eagle Clothing House,

1301 ELEVENTH AVENUE, ALTOONA, PA.

ALSO, A LARGE AND ELEGANT STOCK OF

HATS, CAPS, and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

SAMUEL MARCH, Proprietor.

ALTOONA, PA., APRIL 21, 1882.-tf.

FOREPAUGH'S THE KING OF SHOWMEN.—As Forepaugh's Great Show is to exhibit in Johnstown on Monday, May 1st, the following account of the exhibition, clipped from the Cleveland *Herald* of recent date, will be perused with interest by our circus-going readers:

THE GREAT FOREPAUGH EXHIBITION—AN ELEPHANTINE PARTY PERFORMANCE—TENDERFOOTS.

Yesterday, with the arrival of the great Forepaugh show, the climax was reached, and it is safe to assume that the complete history of Cleveland amusements affords nothing so remarkable in its general character. The morning trains from every direction were thronged with country people, and by ten o'clock, the hour set for the parade, the streets presented an appearance similar to that of the recent Fifth of July celebration. Every street indeed along the route of the procession was filled with men, women and children, it being estimated that no less than fifty thousand people witnessed the spectacle from various points of observation. And not the least pleasing feature was the fact that everybody seemed to be repaid for the trouble of turning out, although it would be a difficult matter for any different feeling to prevail, as the parade was by all means one of the most complete and interesting that has ever been viewed as with us in years. Elegant horses, gilded chariots, richly-ornamented cages and cars, superbuns to say and glittering costumes, a number drawn of elephants and camels, and upon them all of beasts were among the principal features. The veteran commander and sterling gentleman, Mr. Adam Forepaugh, appeared in a carriage and received a genuine ovation all along the line of travel. Two o'clock came and it became absolutely necessary to stop the sale of tickets, as there were already people being turned away in consequence. In the evening the demonstration was even greater. The ticket office was closed at five minutes past seven, every available inch of space in and around the tent being already taken. An extra detail of police was needed to prevent the late-comers from forcibly entering. Everything was done with energy and enthusiasm. At both performances twelve thousand human beings, as the lowest calculation, were forced to retire on account of the extraordinary demand for admission. Nothing like it ever before came under our observation. It was just as great a day for Cleveland as it was for Adam Forepaugh, and apparently one profited by it as much as the other.

The programme of the performance was well arranged, and everything passed off creditably and successfully.

OH THIRTY DAYS' TRIAL.—We will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to young men and older persons who are afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, etc., guaranteeing speedy relief and complete restoration of vigor and manhood. Also for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Liver and Kidney difficulties, and many other diseases. Send for illustrated pamphlet sent free. Address Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich. [10-28.-1y.]

HYMENEAL.

DAVIS—HOWELLS.—Married, on Thursday evening, April 13, 1882, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. J. J. Hughes, Mr. Wm. G. Davis, of Peoble, Col., formerly of Johnstown, and Miss Maggie, eldest daughter of Mr. John Howell, of this place.

SWITZER—IRVINE.—Married, in this place, on Thursday, April 6th, 1882, by Rev. A. S. Harrison, Mr. Leonard Switzer, of Cooperdale, and Miss Kate Devine, of this place.

SHERIFF.—The undersigned will be a candidate for nomination at the approaching Democratic primary election, subject of course to the rules of the party, for the office of Sheriff of Cambria county, and hopes to be deemed worthy of the favorable consideration of his personal and political friends. JOSEPH F. DURBIN.

Allegheny Twp., April 21, 1882.-tc.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of John Bradley, dec'd. Having been appointed Administrator of the estate of John Bradley, late of Loretto borough, Cambria county, deceased, the undersigned hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same are requested to present them in legal form for settlement. JOSEPH ROGUE, Administrator.

Loretto, April 21, 1882.-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Mary Ann Bradley, dec'd. Letters of Administration on the estate of Mrs. Mary Ann Bradley, late of Loretto borough, deceased, having been issued to the undersigned by the Register of Wills in and for Cambria county, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified that immediate payment is required, and those having claims or demands against the same will serve their own interests by presenting them properly proofed for settlement. JOSEPH ROGUE, Administrator.

Loretto, April 21, 1882.-6t.

FOR ASSEMBLY.—The undersigned offers himself to the Democracy of Cambria county as a candidate for the Legislature, and if found worthy the support of a majority of his fellow Democrats at the coming primary election, and is endorsed at the polls in November next, he pledges himself to serve the interests of all concerned to the best of his ability and entirely regardless of either fear, favor or affection.

JOSEPH GUTWALD.

Ebensburg, March 10, 1882.-2m.*

ASSEMBLY.—EDITOR FREEMAN: You are authorized to announce the name of Michael Beacker, of Gallitzin Borough, as a candidate for Assembly, subject to the approval or rejection of the Democratic voters at the coming primary election. Knowing his fitness and worth, we can earnestly commend Mr. Bracken to the cordial support of every Democrat in Cambria county. MANY CITIZENS.

Gallitzin, March 28, 1882.-tc.

ASSEMBLY.—EDITOR FREEMAN—*Dear Sir*: Please announce the name of A. J. Cluspery, of Loretto, as a candidate for Assembly, subject to the rules of the Democratic party of Cambria county. MANY DEMOCRATS.

Loretto, March 22, 1882.-6t.*

CARD.—I hereby place myself before the Democracy of Cambria county for nomination for the office of Sheriff, subject to the rules of the party. JOHN BERE.

St. Augustine, April 3, 1882.

$999 a year to Agents, and expenses. $6 Outfit Free. Address *P. Sason &

OLE-TIME FARMERS.

Fifty years ago and more the farmers were simply farmers and nothing else. They depended almost wholly on the products of their farms for their living. They raised nearly all the supplies for their own tables, and largely for their clothing, which was manufactured from the raw material in their own homes. Wheat was much more generally grown then than now, but not in sufficient quantity to furnish bread for the household. Flour was rarely bought by the barrel, and barley, rye and Indian corn were extensively used. In those early days flour bread was, with large numbers of families, dignified with the name of cake, and considered a luxury for use on extra occasions, when company was entertained. A story is still told in one of our little Rockingham towns, which illustrates this fact. A high-toned gentleman known as the "Squire," called at a farm-house one day on some business, and when he had finished his errand, and had remounted at the door, the good housewife, wishing to impress the 'Squire with the dignity and thrift of her family, said to him, "'Squire, won't you stop and have some flour-bread and butter?" thinking it now too late for him to accept her invitation. To her chargriu the doughty Squire dismounted and replied: "Thank you, marm, I don't care if I do;" and entered the house. The poor woman could only explain that to her surprise she found the flour-bread all out, and offered him the best she had—some Indian bannock. When a boy, the writer has often seen in the house of a neighbor a string of these bannocks, eight or ten in number, set up on tins in front of the fire in the broad fireplace, there being room for him then left to sit and look straight up the chimney into the blue heavens. There was very little market for farm produce in those days, except in larger towns, and long journeys had to be made, mostly to such as were known as "sea-ports"—as there were no interior towns of sufficient population to be centres of much trade. Every farmer kept a flock of sheep, and wool constituted a large proportion of the clothing of the family. It was carded, spun and woven at home, and made into garments for both sexes. The best clothes for the men and boys were made of what was called "fulled cloth." This was made at home, of the finest material, and taken to the mills known as "fulling mills," where it was put thro' a process of thickening, dyeing and finishing. The women used to wear gowns of cloth which was called 'pressed cloth' This was simply home made flannel, taken to the mills above named, and pressed, so as to present a glossy surface.

Every farmer had a small patch of flax. This was pulled and spread out in rows on the ground, "rotted" and then "broken" and "swingled" and was thus prepared for the combing, carding, and the little wheel, as the machine was called on which the flax was spun, to distinguish it from the larger machine for spinning wool. It was woven into cloth for table covers, toweling, sheeting and shirting. The "tow" which was the coarse portion combed out on the "hetchel" was spun into a coarse yarn, of which cloth was made for summer suits for the men and boys. The tow shirt, as commonly worn, was, when new, an instrument of torture as to the wearer, as it was full of prickling spines left from the woody part of the stalk.

The tailor of the old days, with his goose, traveling from house to house in order to make up the clothing of the men and boys—or to cut and fit them for the goose—"tailoress" to complete—is unknown to the present generation. The old-fashioned shoemaker, who used to perambulate all the country round with his kit, taking the families in turn at their homes, and working till the whole household was shod, is almost wholly forgotten. That, however, was a common thing in the olden days. The writer calls to mind an anecdote of one of the ancient cordwainers, who was as noted for his mirth and the geniality of his disposition as for the excellent quality of his work. He used to make shoes for all the leading families of the town, and his visits were occasions of much fun and jollity on the part of the youngsters of the household. One of these families had a black woman in their service as a slave, and when her turn came the young people thought they would have some fun at the shoemaker's expense, when he should come to measure the "long heel." Phillis was called in, and and all the boys were there to see the but the wily old cobbler was equal to the occasion. He ordered the poor darkey to thrust her foot into a tub. She obeyed only after a stern command and a stamp of the foot, when he told her she might go. He then measured her wet track on the floor, and cheated the jolly young-sters out of their sport.—*Boston Journal.*

OATS—A CHANGE OF SEED.—There is no grain that deteriorates so fast under ordinary cultivation, particularly in the dry climate of a considerable portion of the United States, as oats. They require a cool and moist climate. They grow well in the British Isles, and the northern part of Europe, and give yields there which are almost unheard of here.

In the Canadian provinces and the extreme northern part of the United States the deterioration is less rapid, but increases toward the south where it is difficult to raise them with any profit.

It is always noticed that heavy oats, weighing perhaps forty-five pounds per measured bushel, imported or brought from the north will in a year or two begin to decrease in weight until they finally become no heavier than the common oats. Very much depend on the season, the soil and cultivation, but the decadence will surely take place. The only apparent remedy is to frequently import seed from those regions where they more nearly reach perfection. Where this has been done once in three or four years the result has been satisfactory. Oats that weigh the heaviest per bushel are not always the most desirable, because they shell much easier when harvesting and usually do not stand up well, which is a serious fault. The points for oats are, weight of grain, stiffness of straw, earliness and of course yield in bushels.—*Detroit Post and Tribune.*

PROFITS OF OXEN.—The *Agriculturist* says that a good farmer of their acquaintance purchased a yoke of ordinary cattle for two hundred dollars and used them for hauling wood, rails, and anything else, and for doing most of the ploughing for Spring crops on a farm of seventy acres. In June he sold them for beef for two hundred and sixty dollars. He thinks their labor paid well for the meal they consumed. On the same day that he drove these oxen to market he purchased another yoke for one hundred and ninety dollars. After a few months he sold these for beef at an advance, which also paid well for the meal they consumed, and purchased another yoke at once, and commenced feeding them with meal, working them occasionally. By this system of trafficing he made about three hundred dollars in one year, and had a good ox-team constantly, receiving a good price for all grain fed them, besides making a large quantity of excellent manure. He is a good manager, always feeding his teams well, treats them kindly, and never allows them to be overworked, or worried by disagreeable drivers, who use up more of the energies of the team by bawling at and whipping them than by the labor got out of them. He never purchases poor oxen, even at a cheap rate, as it requires many dollars' worth of meal to get them into a fattening condition.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Woman can Sympathize with Woman. Health of Woman is the Hope of the Race.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. Mention this Paper.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

At James' Drug Store, Ebensburg. [8-12-1y.]

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM.

This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it, to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp and hair. Restores the Youthful Color to Grey or Faded Hair

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff and itching. Hiscox & Co., N.Y.

50c. and $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs and medicines.

PARKER'S
GINGER TONIC

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with over-work, or a mother or family of household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man enfeebled by mental strain or anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but take Parker's Ginger Tonic.

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, or any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves PARKER'S GINGER TONIC cures you. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier

And the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or wounds and require a stimulant take Ginger Tonic at once! It will invigorate and build up the whole system from first dose. Thousands have used it, it has cured hundreds of lives; it may save yours.

CAUTION!—Refuse all substitutes. Parker's Ginger Tonic is composed of the best medicinal agents in the world, and no person or combination of persons can make a better medicine. Hiscox & Co., N.Y. 50c. & $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs.

FLORESTON

Its rich and lasting fragrance has made this delightful perfume exceedingly popular. There is nothing like it. Insist upon having FLORESTON COLOGNE and look for signature of

Hiscox & Co.

on every bottle. Any druggist or dealer in perfumery can supply you. Refuse all substitutes.

HISCOX & CO., 114 & 116 William St., N.Y.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS

For a quarter of a century or more Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been the reigning specific for indigestion, dyspepsia, fever and ague, a host of bilious complaints, liver complaint and other disorders, and has been most emphatically indorsed by medical men as a health and strength restorative. It promptly & positively checks premature decay, and sustains and comforts the aged and infirm.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

PE-RU-NA

Never fails to cure any kidney disease whatever, such as Bright's disease, diabetes, inflammation of urine, swelling of the kidneys. PERUNA is a positive cure. Don't take a substitute. For all diseases of the urinary organs, take PERUNA. For nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness, take PERUNA. For nervous debility and impotency, take PERUNA. PERUNA will restore sexual vitality to lost energy, fire and vigor of youth in both sexes immediately. For nervous prostration caused by excessive natural or unnatural sexual indulgences, PERUNA is a sure cure. For suppressed or too frequently, at night, scanty water, and very painful or difficult or false passages, or male complaints of all kinds, PERUNA is a positive cure. $1000 will be paid for a case we accept and cannot restore or at least greatly benefit.

Send for a pamphlet.

S. B. HARTMAN & CO., Columbus, Ohio.

Everyone knows the name.

MAN-A-LIN

Sold at the New Drug Store, Postoffice, Ebensburg, Pa. [5-15, '81.-1y.*]

Health is Wealth!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVURA AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads to early decay, misery and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains 1 month's treatment. One dollar per box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received for six boxes, accompanied by five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantee issued only when treatment is ordered direct from us. Address DR. E. C. WEST & CO., Sole Proprietors, 161 & 163 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill. Sold by all druggists. SMITH, KLINE & CO., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia. [8-5, '81.-1y.]

$500 REWARD!

WE will pay the Above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large Boxes, containing 30 Pills, 25 cts. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., "The Pill Makers," 162 & 163 W. Madison St., Chicago. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3c. stamp. [8-6,'81-1y.]

BEATTY'S ORGANS, 27 Stops, 10 Sets Reeds, only $90. Pianos $125 up. Rare Holiday Inducements Ready. Write or call on BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

TREASURER'S SALE
—OF—
UNSEATED
Lands and Lots
—IN—
Cambria County.
A. D. 1882.

I, JOHN A. KENNEDY, Treasurer of Cambria County, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in pursuance of the several Acts of Assembly in said Commonwealth directing the time and manner of selling Unseated Lands for Taxes, do hereby give notice that the following described tracts of Unseated Lands and Lots of Ground in the said County of Cambria, or such parts thereof as may be necessary to pay arrearages of taxes due thereon for one year or more, will be offered for sale at the Court House in the Borough of Ebensburg, on the SECOND MONDAY, being the **12th day of June next**, and continue by adjournment from day to day until the whole be sold for such arrearages of taxes and costs necessarily accruing thereon.

Unseated Lands.—1880-1.

NAMES OF OWNERS OR WARRANTEES.

Acres.	Pr's.	Adams Township.	Am't.
440		John Anderson	$ 56.74
430		John Morrison	56.65
440		Valentine Oster	56.74
400		Martin Mortimore	50.64
400		Martin McDonald	51.60
401		Jacob Clement	51.72
250		John Williams (Smith) "Capp"	32.42
245	54	John Reilly	31.81
81		Thomas Smith (part)	10.44
260		Ebenezer Brenhous	24.58
400		H. C. Nes	51.60
400		Henry Barnhart	10.50
200		Wm. H. Anthony	9.60
400		—— O'Neil	51.60
400		Seymore & Watts	20.40
1000		James Sawyer	129.00
		Barr Township.	
108		Thomas Edwards (part)	10.80
40		George Harrison	4 32
100	105	Thomas Duncan	10.80
205	105	David Irvin	21.60
83		William Brady	22.32
202		William McCoy	21.80
140		E. Shoemaker	10.08
77		Fred. and George Snyder	22.60
14		Owen D. Williams	1.44
		Blacklick Township.	
45		Henry Sheffner	5.76
25		Simon Snyder	3.20
25		John McCaeley	4.81
100		George Slough	13.11
50		John Ross	6.40
84		William Lyon	11.19
85		John Groff	11.02
40		Flavel Brown	5.72
80		Adam Reichard	10.24
252		Sebastian Graff	14.59
100		John Jones	9.20
200		Jacob Fressinger	20.99
305		Paul Lebo	40.79
157		Daniel Lauer	17.30
37		Henry Campbell	3.92
59		Gabriel Boring (Snyder)	3.39
100		Daniel and John Davis	8.29
97		John Swarts	6.79
100		George Rex	6.40
424		George Rex	83.83
345		Emanuel Brallier	43.91
		Carroll Township.	
25	80	John Hoops	2.17
108		James Hoops	9.40
19		Joseph Eckenrode, jr	1.42
		Cambria Township.	
18		Andrew Lewis	2.18
50		William Linton	5.45
100		Reese J. Lloyd	10.90
174		John Morgan	10.66
108		John J. Evans & Co	17.33
102		R. H. Taylor	8.04
		Chest Township.	
300		William Parker	74.40
492	44	Anthony Simonds	84.07
492	44	Nathan Laughborough	84.07
321	52	Thomas Rutland	70.80
321	52	Thomas Rutland	70.80
25	28	John Kelland	15.60
266	64	Charles Pope	22.70
226	64	George Pole	19.56
350	57	Joseph Pope	29.85
212	44	Samuel Roth	59.43
169		George Gibson	10.48
111		Henry Stoke	7.88
84		Samuel Peters	5.10
300		Hugh Hoops	20.68
382	103	John Pope	25.68
100	92	13	James Hunter	17.11
160		George Moore	9.92
124	121	Nathan Foster	15.38
137	130	Henry Foster	10.59
50		James Foster	3.10
80		John Olden	4.96
40	131	John Drinker	2.48
380		William Gray	48.24
474		Joseph Gray	29.38
200		James Hunter	37.20
100		James Foster and George Gilson	6.20
400	103	James Rex	30.52
127		William Parker	23.62
136	134	Henry Phillips	25.11
136	187	Simon Walker	29.02
400		Robert Ewing	49.60
400		G. Beckman	24.80
		Clearfield Township.	
36		Samuel Calvin	38.80
14		Riley A. Sargent	2.90
100		A. S. Fye	52.00
205		James E. McGough	25.82
205		A. B. Shaw & Co	25.81
2		Albert Tracy	72
2	120	Joseph Bloom	90
400		Blair & Bell	62.40
		Conemaugh Township.	
77		James Burk	28.70
200	125	Richard Smith	26.00
100		David Irvin	26.00
38		Cooper Improvements	5.00
		Croyle Township.	
71	09	Samuel S. Paul	3.39
7		P. M. & J. Brown	1.09
24		P. M. & J. Brown	4.01
72		Isaac Peck	9.49
18		John Lovell	1.90
59		John M. Skelly	5.94
20		Joseph Skelly	5.94
		George Lloyd, one lot	23
		C. B. Ellis, one lot, No. 3	66
		C. B. Ellis, one lot, No. 4	66
		Dean Township.	
206		Bell & Blair	46.40
100		John Wilson	4.01
434		John Fisher	17.40
483		John Harrison	27.87
200		John Brallierline	17.40
400		Thomas Patterson	60.00
20		Felix McGuire	1.80
71		L. A. Poffenberger	16.47
184		Morris Wolf	12.18
250		Henry Wolf	16.50
116		Joseph Davis	9.77
410		Morris Davis	35.67
403		Henry Davis	24.80
203		William Bell	24.04
238		Ezekiel Farmer	29.30
116		William Tilton	10.66
100		William Brodie	6.70
330		Jesse Rush	28.71
203		Lewis Wolf	24.11
400		Andrew Grayson	34.80
400		Morris Whitten	34.80
400		Henry White	34.80
100		James Bryson	17.40
19		Joseph Sogulin	90
		Elder Township.	
122		James Porter and Geo. Gilson	29.40
130		John Hoops	25.60
50		George Hoops	5.00
25		Charles Pope	2.60
50		Henry Porter	5.00
50		Samuel Peters	6.00
125		James Hoops	30.00
200		Andrew Weaver	30.00
80		John Hoops	4.00
85	48	Peter Burdman	8.02
		Gallitzin Township.	
48		John T. Christy, M. D	12.76
100		Aaron Bowers	67.73
229		Milton Horan	57.30
75		Mary Fenton	17.10
60		Nicholas Hell	20.00
67		William Christy (mineral)	18.12
140	122	John Gray	108.68
		Jackson Township.	
100		John Cunningham	16.00
206	105	Thomas Morris	48.76
104		Robert Morris	31.04
100		John White	16.00
92		Paul Sollot	14.72
305		Matthias Slough	48.80
36		Thomas White	7.36
25		Daniel Geoghagot	4.00
200		Isaac Powers	30.94
184	39	Jesper Ewing	35.32
89		James Reese	17.08
50		David M. Ortright	7.18
50		Wm. H. Sechler	8.00
		Lower Yoder Township.	
30		Henry Rowen	2.79
270		Ihmsen heirs	24.18
100		James P. McConaughy	9.00
		Portage Township.	
4481		Arent Schouman	598.77
200		Fred. Hrobst	28.80
200		Samuel Hinton	28.80
439		George Gutwald	14.40
100		H. & C. Geller	18.72
90		Wm. T. McConnell	12.96
70		A. & F. P. McConnell	4.20
		Reade Township.	
434		Robert Atkins	91.80
40		P. & A. Flynn	11.68
200	7	P. & A. Flynn	58.40
453		Patrick Borland	221.26
140		John Byrron, jr	71.54
217		Henry Shellhamer	94.89
464		Simon Walker	221.26
374	108	Thomas Sashourn	88.92
474	3	Martin Bush	158.04
404	3	Morris Bush	134.64
415		Morris Bush	151.47
150		Henry Bush	58.03
100		Joseph Borland	36.50
70		Henry Shellhamer	25.55
203		Thomas Cosby	86.67
221	19	John Craig	48.26
100		David Jackson	36.50
100		Henry Kepple	36.50
200		William Barton	43.80
12		A. H. Fiske & Co	5.25
25		John Brown	9.12
62		John Brown & Wm. Spade, part	32.00
100		W. H. Woods	36.50
67		George W. Reede	24.45
400		James E. Davis	87.60
200		John Bell	43.80
1040		Curry & Jones, assignees	151.84
109		Martin Fisher	20.78
		Summerhill Township.	
429	80	Jacob Nagle	63.83
429	80	Henry Woods	63.83
429	80	James Dalton	63.83
429	80	James Seawright	63.83
270	40	Israel Jolliffe	55.60
100		Wilson Hunt	16.00
92		Ebenezer Branhem	13.95
16	40	John Hammond	2.38
		Susquehanna Township.	
27		William Cook	2.46
132		Peter Blight	6.60
144	118	William Campton	7.74
242		James Thompson	31.92
200		Joseph Thomas	29.00
146		S. W. Fisher	7.85
481		Alexander Henderson	60.84
		Stonycreek Township.	
7		Lewis Pitt	1.93
		Taylor Township.	
30		Henry Sargent	3.48
99		Anthony Preston	7.22
		Upper Yoder Township.	
400		John Taylor	40.80
212		George Cable	21.63
400		John Brown	22.20
		Washington Township.	
81		Thomas Jackson	16.52
100		Philip Collins	68.00
100		Henry Cillen	61.20
400		J. R. McFarlane	54.40
400		Richard Constantine	54.40
252		Simon Hoop	34.00
200		Wm. H. Sechler	10.60
90		Geo. and Alex. Buchanan	24.48
50		S. H. Lemen	6.80
50		Sophia Hurd	6.80
		White Township.	
302		Simon Walker	70.24
400		Henry Phillips	185.20
183		James Wilson	71.09
291		Frederick Molenaeux	56.45
114	91	Frederick Molenaeux	27.64
456		Thomas Sanbourn	353.68
170	93	Simon Walker	82.45
284	106	Henry Phillips	186.73
500		Calvin Halstead	670.00
250		Curry & Jones, assignees	36.38
10		Matthew Cowan	2.43
118		Langhorn & Thomas	34.92
75		John Stubler	5.15
65		William M. Lloyd	51.58

SEATED LANDS.—1879-80.

		Adams Township.	
50		John C. Emigh	1.05
1250		Cambria Coal and Iron Co	1250.00
60		Adam Varner	1.80
18		Joseph Bomgardner	52
		Allegheny Township.	
29		Peter Mullen	1.28
		Barr Township.	
50		Isaish Bonner	2.81
100		H. J. Boland	10.48
40		Robert Glan	1.88
83		John McGee	22.52
25		Jacob L. Keith	2.11
30		Bernard Donahoe	52
49		Archie Parrell	1.15
20		Joseph Gardner	1.17
32		Michael Sheetz	62
25		J. A. Trout	1.19
20		S. A. Donghaue	56
7		Henry Zorn	31
		Lawrence Smith, 1 house, 2 lots	56
		Blacklick Township.	
100		John Counselman	2.19
60		Richard Tudor	3.40
10		Benjamin Gilpatrick	30
90		Harrison Owendorff	10.15
100		Stonebank & Martin	3.15
25		Alexander McAdams	88
		Silas J. Wareham, 1 house, 2 lots	1.20
		Cambria Township.	
85½		R. Jones, tanner	92
400		Gilbert [redacted] Lloyd	36.20
50		J. Moore estate	28.20
25		James and George Schrift	94
7		Samuel Vaughn	2.07
145		John Wentrode	21.80
150		R. Wolf & Raekle	4.72
154		Alexander Moore	17.34
101		P. Noon estate	16.06
61		Rees J. Lloyd	3.63
99		Silas Cassidy	4.05
5		James H. Davis	2.90
3		Thomas B. Hutchinson	1.80
1		William P. Jones	52
27½		John Whatley	51
		Carroll Township.	
73		Nicholas Allen	1.03
18		Rev. M. Domenec	63
83		John Nisel	8.16
50		Peter Bertram estate	2.10
		Chest Township.	
219		John and Henry Mellon	21.52
100		John Hipsh	4.20
308		B. J. Sawyer & Co	14.42
		Chest Springs Borough.	
		John Harnish, house and lot	42
		Samuel Kemp, house and lot	225
		Clearfield Township.	
1		Valentine Boers	1.32
8		Samuel Kelly	19
83		Daniel Litzinger estate	5.72
275		Robert White estate	31
25		F. McDonnell	9.75
10		William McGuire	66
65		Peter Delonier	2.75
16		Lulu A. Delonier	2.64
41		Reed & Thaler	9.12
300		Allegheny and Indiana Run Oil, Coal and Lumber Co	107.00
94		A. J. Durbin	1.88
14		Paul Stittmatter	74
109		F. M. Flanagan	8.56
		Conemaugh Township.	
		Improvements Lewis Baumer	2.62
5		Michael Downey	26
6		L. B. Cobaugh	2.10
		Isaac Hays, house and lot	79
		Conemaugh Borough.	
		Henry Schnable, 1st ward, 1 lot	82
		Thos. Shek, 1st ward, house, ½ lot	80
		Croyle Township.	
150		Cambria Coal and Iron Co	75.79
		Findley & Brother	2.64
248		John Riley	20.42
18		Philip Direly estate	98
24		Daniel Fimiley	2.79
100		Isaac Sills	10.75
		William Rutzel, one lot	1.00
		Philip Croyle, house and lot	80
		Jacob Pringle, one lot	40
		Jacob Van Kirn, house and lot	1.05
		Jas. Barnhauser, house and lot	78
		Hugh O'Skelly, one lot	21
		Wm. Layton, one house and lot	2.05
		John W. Smith, two lots	1.84
		Dean Township.	
427		Samuel Calvin	53.91
69		A. L. Holliday	17.78
216		Lauther & Lloyd	6.48
69		Jacobs Gradon	1.20
		Elder Township.	
25		J. & H. Mellon	1.65
		East Conemaugh Borough.	
		S. H. Bennett, one lot	1.59
		Joseph Cornush, one lot	1.06
		Patrick Kenny, ½ lot, ½ house	3.02
		Ebensburg Borough.	
28		Johnston Moore estate, E ward	24.85
5		Rees J. Lloyd, West ward	5.10
9		Johnston Moore estate, W. ward	8.87
		Martha Evans, 1 house, ½ lot	11.35
		Rees J. Lloyd, 10 lots, W. ward	4.50
		Johnston Moore estate, one house and lot, West ward	10.65
		Rees J. Lloyd, 4 lots, West ward	4.40
		H. W. & J. M. Wetherill, house and lot, West ward	6.50
		Gallitzin Township.	
400		Thomas Gorman	129.05
60		Adam Mooney estate	1.89
100		John A. McGuire estate	8.40
365		J. T. Christy	121.78
55		R. W. Davis	5.83
		Gallitzin Borough.	
2		Oatman & Owin	4.40
		Mrs. M. J. Driskell, two lots	1.17
		Jackson Township.	
50		Samuel Burkhart	1.05
92		David Constable	2.35
212		John Eger	26.48
53		Edwin Leidy	2.10
59		Joseph Shoemaker	1.21
50		Joseph Walker	1.17
50		Nathaniel Wales	1.05
3		John A. Roger	52
156		Philip Pringle	10.32
261		John Wentrode	34.40
100		Daniel Roger estate	9.22
150		Evan M. Davis	4.50
		John Ross, house and lot	50
		Johnstown Borough.	
		Ed. J. Meldrum, 2 lots, 1st ward	4.20
		Sam'l Smayze, ½ house, ½ lot, 1 w.	3.67
		Edward Horner, 16 lots, 4th ward	10.87
		Catharine Horner, 2 lots, 4th "	1.52
		Blackburn Hughes, 1 lot, 4th "	52
		Henry Treese, house, lot, 6th "	1.32
		Jacob Fromer, house, lot, 6th "	1.47
		John A. Hill, one lot, 6th ward	52
		Jas. McGeever, one lot, 6th ward	5.73
		Charles Murray, one lot, 6th "	42
		Henry Michaels, one lot, 6th "	63
		Conrad Smith, one lot, 6th ward	63
		David Beard, one lot, 6th ward	42
		Millville Borough.	
		C. B. Ellis, one lot	3.09
		Munster Township.	
100		Samuel Calvin	21.35
100		John C. Noel	21.14
25		Julius Riffel	3.81
93		William Howell	19.20
15		Ellen Sweeny	1.11
93		Rees Roberts	9.72
		Prospect Borough.	
1		Bernard McGuire, house and lot	3.56
		Russell Bowen, one lot	80
¼		Anthony Cameron, one lot	52
		Patrick Commons, one lot	42
		Sarah A. Green, house and lot	26
		Turtlepoint Township.	
171		John and Joseph Burk	18.80
700		Henry Hartley	44.05
100		Joseph Heisel	17.42
107		Rosanna McElrone	20.60
2		John McCullough	30
130		John C. Smay estate	16.98
90		William Tiley estate	9.10
92		Elizabeth Ritchiston	1.95
5		B. H. Smith & Co	1.05
50		Francis McConnell	4.55
40		Edward McHade	1.36
4		Levi Heam, two lots	4.12
		C. C. Green, 1 house and lot	1.15
		Christ. Hager, house and lot	1.15
		Caith. J. Barthart, house and lot	1.39
		Isaac Shaffer, house and lot	2.95
		Richland Township.	
		Patrick Tierney, one lot	21
		Reade Township.	
100		John Clark, sr	13.37
100		David Thompson	10.25
158		Gwin, Curry & Jones	12.54
94		Curry & Jones, assignees	7.79
28		Curry & Jones, assignees	3.12
82		Curry & Jones, assignees	6.75
18		Curry & Jones, assignees	1.48
575		Ephraim Burket	14.99
418		Blair S. S. & A. Packer	54.27
32		Blair S. S. & A. Packer	4.27
102		Blair S. S. & A. Packer	8.37
212		Blair S. S. & A. Packer	17.27
162		Blair S. S. & A. Packer	13.58
433		Blair S. S. & A. Packer	35.51
433		Blair S. S. & A. Packer	39.81
95		Bell & Gwin	7.79
9		Bell & Gwin	63
26		Hollen Custer	2.60
		Stonycreek Township.	
2		John Eneriing	52
16		Jonathan Griffith	1.57
		B. F. Slick, house and lot	70.61
		Fred. Resan, one lot	42
		Summerhill Township.	
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